

The Weather

Today—Considerable cloudiness with highest temperature about 45 degrees. Yesterday—High, 42; low, 25.

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WASHINGTON: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1947

Greece U. S. Aid to Avert Collapse

Filchcock, Hapes Took \$500 Each, 'Fixer' Says

Money Represented Redskins Game Bet 'Winners,' Asserts Paris at Bribe Trial

New York, March 4 (U.P.)—Two New York Giants football players involved in a bribe offer accepted \$500 each after the Giants defeated the Washington Redskins last fall, Alvin J. Paris, convicted in the professional football attempted fix, testified today.

Paris' testimony in the trial of three gamblers charged with abetting the bribe attempt was the first indication that players Frank Filchcock and Merle Hapes had accepted money from the gamblers. Paris said he paid the money to the men as "winnings" on bets he made for them when they told him the Giants would defeat the Redskins on December 8. The Giants won the game and the chance to meet the Bears in the title match.

The bribe offers involved Paris' conviction and the current trial and were made in an effort to "fix" the game with the Bears.

Paris said that Filchcock at first refused the money but later he accepted it. He said that Hapes accepted the money at a dinner on the night of the Redskins game.

Paris' testimony highlighted the prosecution's case today in the trial of Harvey Stemmer, convicted briber; David Krakauer and Jerome Zarowitz. All three were described by the prosecution as the "board of directors in the plot" to fix the Bears-Giants championship game.

The Chicago Bears won the game on December 15. Hapes did not play with the Giants because the bribe offer was known before the game. Filchcock played and threw two touchdown passes for the Giants' only scores.

Paris said today that Stemmer, although a prisoner serving a sentence for bribery of Brooklyn basketball players, not only placed bets and attempted to "fix" a sports event, but also spent his evenings with showgirls and other companions.

Paris said Stemmer, who was serving his sentence at a trusty at Bellevue Hospital, came to his apartment the night before the Giants-Bears game.

He said he told Stemmer of his attempts to bribe Filchcock and Hapes. He also told him, he said, that Filchcock agreed to throw the game. Stemmer, Paris testified, told him to give the information to Krakauer.

Assistant District Attorney George Monaghan in his statement to the jury today accused Paris and his gambling associates of attempting to fix the Giants' game with the Bears.

See GAMBLE, Page 4, Column 8

Woman Found Slain in Home At Alexandria

A nightgown clad divorcee was found stabbed to death in a bungalow at 3303 Mount Vernon ave., Alexandria, last night at about 6 p.m.

Alexandria police identified the woman as Mrs. Raba McCoy, and said she was employed as a housekeeper at the Mount Vernon ave. bungalow by H. J. Jeffries, who works in an Alexandria sawmill. He found the body on his return from work.

Police said another man was found near the bed on which Mrs. McCoy's body lay.

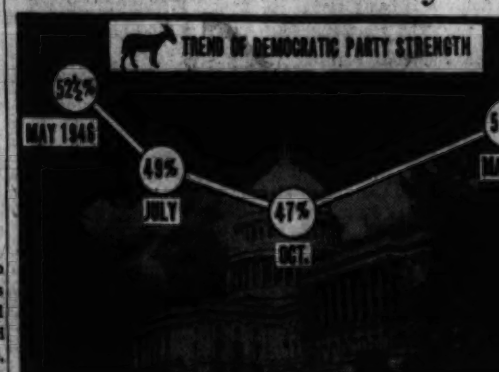
He was unconscious, according to police, who added that two empty whisky bottles were found in the room.

According to Dr. John A. Sims, Alexandria coroner, the woman had been stabbed in the right side of her neck. Blood from a 5-inch gash had dripped her white nightgown. Dr. Sims said the knife was found in the room. He also said that a preliminary examination did not indicate the woman had been raped.

The dead woman, Dr. Sims said, was between 40 and 45, slender and had light-brown hair. After Dr. Sims had pronounced the woman dead, the body was removed to the DeMaize funeral home.

Police said Mrs. McCoy once lived in Norfolk. She is reported to have a sister living in Washington.

The Gallup Poll Democrats in Sharp Rally; Now Poll 51% in Survey



Senate Group May Act Today On Lillenthal

Nearly Unanimous Committee Victory Expected for Nominee

The Senate Atomic Energy Committee yesterday wound up more than five weeks of open hearings on the nomination of David E. Lillenthal and got ready to vote on his confirmation, possibly today.

In addition to Lillenthal, President Truman's choice for chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, the nine Senators will pass on W. W. Waymack, L. L. Strauss, Sumner T. Pike and Dr. Robert A. Serber as members of the commission, and Carroll Wilson as general manager. Practically all the opposition, led by Senator McKellar (D., Tenn.), has centered on Lillenthal, former TVA chief.

McKellar was granted an hour and a half to complete his questioning of Lillenthal but gave the committee back 55 minutes change. At 10:55 a. m., McKellar ended his examination and Acting Chairman Knowland (R., Calif.) declared the hearings closed.

Lillenthal Compliments Committee McKellar declined to make a prediction but earlier, a member of the committee told reporters he would be surprised if more than one vote was cast against Lillenthal in the committee. A check indicates the contest will be much closer on the Senate floor, where a week or more of debate is in prospect.

Lillenthal, who has attended the hearings for five weeks and a day, told newsmen:

"The committee showed great patience and fairness in the conduct of these hearings.

"I'm sure the important thing, after the hearings are fully concluded and the Senate has discharged its constitutional function in confirming or rejecting the nominees, is that this commission or another commission, as promptly as possible, go on with the work of keeping this country in the forefront of atomic development."

McKellar Squelched For the second time in two days, the committee squelched a line of questioning by McKellar on the ground it might endanger national security. Knowland told Lillenthal he did not have to answer a question about the kind or size of contract the Monsanto Chemical Co. holds with the Atomic Energy Commission.

Recalling the appearance of Charles Thomas, a Monsanto vice president, before the committee to recommend confirmation, Lillenthal told McKellar that if his question about the chemical firm was "directed at assailing the motives" of that witness, McKellar "gravely misjudges" Thomas' qualities.

At one point in the brief proceedings, the 78-year-old Tennessee Senator asked Lillenthal: "Why are all the international bankers so anxious to have you confirmed?"

See GALLUP, Page 4, Column 8

Pay Increases for Teachers Approved by Maryland Senate

Annapolis, Md., March 4 (U.P.)—Pay raises for Maryland school teachers received the rapid and unanimous approval of the State Senate today.

The bill was sent over to the House, where favorable action was a virtual certainty.

Under the bill, the minimum pay for school teachers who do not hold degrees would be \$2000 a year. For those who have college degrees the basic minimum would be \$2200. For all classes, the law now fixes a \$1500 minimum.

The pay increases will make up a part of the 25 million dollars annually which probably will be added to Maryland education costs before the 1947 session ends.

The bill stipulates that no degree

Party Status Gains 6 Percentage Points Since Recent Low

By George Gallup, Director, American Institute of Public Opinion

Princeton, N. J., March 4.—Republican leaders who have been viewing the 1948 presidential election picture with rose-colored glasses had better take them off.

For the swing of voters sentiment in recent weeks has been back toward the Democratic Party—sharply.

In fact, if a presidential election were being held today, 51 per cent—a majority—say they would prefer to cast their votes for the Democratic Party, 49 per cent the Republican Party.

This means that the Democratic Party has regained in presidential party support 6 percentage points from its post-Roosevelt low right after the November elections.

A lot of voters depend on the candidates, both the Republican and the Democratic, and the question of candidates was not a part of today's survey.

Research experience during the past 11 years indicates that polls of this kind provide the best index of party strength throughout the Nation.

Democratic Party strength sagged to its lowest point in a poll by the Institute right after the November elections. At that time, 45 per cent said they would prefer a Democrat in a presidential election.

From that point on, Democratic Party strength has been climbing. These facts are shown in the following table giving replies in periodic surveys on the question:

"If a presidential election were being held today, which party would you vote for—the Democratic or the Republican?"

MAJOR PARTY VOTE

	Dem. %	Rep. %
1944 election	54%	46%
August, 1946	55	45
February, 1946	55	45
May	52½	47½
July	49	51
September	50	50
October	47	53
November	45	55
(post-election)	47	53
December	47	53
January, 1947	50	50
TODAY	51	49

Certainly one of the contributing factors (but not necessarily the primary one) in the Democratic recovery as shown above is the rising popularity of President Truman, who was found at an all-time low in popularity before the November elections.

Truman Rating Soars From a low in October of 32 per cent approving the way Mr. Truman was handling his job, the President's rating soared 18 percentage points to 48 per cent. This rise was reported by the Institute in early February.

Whether the movement toward

See GALLUP, Page 4, Column 8

Durant Kin Dismissed As Witness

Grilled 5½ Hours, Brother Refuses To Testify; May Face Civil Action

By N. S. Haseltine, Post Reporter

Unshaken from his stand of refusing to testify lest he incriminate himself, James E. Durant, Falls Church (Va.) councilman, was dismissed yesterday as a court-martial witness against his brother.

Maj. Joseph S. Robinson, chief prosecutor in the general court-martial of Col. Jack W. Durant, said he would confer with civil authorities today on "possible future action against James E. Durant."

To date, the Government has filed no charges against the Falls Church accountant, whom the prosecution has consistently termed "a full-fledged conspirator" with his brother in the postwar looting of the \$1,800,000 Hessian crown jewels.

Offers Stock Reply The civilian Durant's dismissal from the witness chair was suggested by Col. Irving Schindler, law member of the court-martial after more than five and one-half hours of accusing questions failed to loosen the witness' tongue.

James Durant, who was dismissed from his accounting position with the General Accounting Office pending outcome of his brother's court-martial, answered all questions yesterday with the stock reply:

"I decline to answer."

By agreement with the witness when he first took the stand on Monday, the court-martial ruled that such shortened refusals to testify, unless otherwise specified, were made on the grounds that "any other reply might tend to incriminate the witness."

Asks for Dismissal "Questioning of the last hour or so has indicated," declared Colonel Schindler, "that no progress is being made with this witness. I suggest to the prosecutor that he consider terminating this procedure."

Major Robinson conferred with his assistants and declared that "since it is obvious that this witness is using his immunity as a shield" it would be useless to ask further questions.

Court-martial was adjourned at 11:30 a. m., subject to "recall by the court-martial president" after Major Robinson said he was "virtually finished" with his case against Colonel Durant. He pointed out there still remained "the problem of reconstructing a minor portion of the court record, lost earlier in this trial."

Major Robinson said later the court-martial would not be held today, but may resume tomorrow. He said that "with the exception of a few minor details" he was prepared to end prosecution's phase of the ocean-hopping court-martial, now in the fourth week of its Washington phase.

Case of Aurelia Nickens

Riot at Girls' Training School Points Need for More Matrons

By Charles E. Davis, jr., Post Reporter

Aurelia C. Nickens is 19. Behind her is a family background of poverty and a personal record of arrests by police.

Aurelia doesn't trust cops. This attitude is almost general at the National Training School for Girls, where Aurelia has been committed three times.

Last Sunday this distrust—may be hatred—wouldn't be too strong a word—broke the bonds. Aurelia started it by assaulting two matrons at the school.

"She was like a tiger," said one of the matrons yesterday as she exhibited her bruises.

Two policemen were sent to the school. When they attempted to seize Aurelia they were attacked by about 25 other girls. The officers were forced to retire and call the precinct for help.

On Monday, Aurelia and two other girls who had a hand in the riot were taken into Municipal Court before Judge Ellen K. Reedy.

Nothing in Aurelia's manner could be taken as apology for her actions.

"Sure, I hit 'em," she admitted, "but they had punished me for fighting and they never punished the other girls."

Judge Reedy gave the girl the choice of paying a \$25 fine or serving 30 days in the workhouse on each assault charge. Aurelia hasn't

Ratify Pacts, Marshall, Byrnes Urge

Senators Asked To 'Make Beginning Of Peace' on Italian, Balkan Treaties

By Robert C. Albright, Post Reporter

Secretary of State George C. Marshall and former Secretary James F. Byrnes yesterday asked the Senate to speed ratification of the Italian and Balkan treaties "to make a beginning of peace."

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee questioned Byrnes for two hours on detail, after a brief opening statement by Marshall. The questioning was friendly, and Senate ratification seemed assured.

On the eve of his departure for Moscow, Marshall told the committee "quick ratification is needed to end armistice regimes in Italy, Bulgaria, Romania and Hungary."

Stress Results of Ratification Byrnes, who negotiated these first peace treaties of World War II, and Marshall, bound for Moscow to help write German and Austrian pacts, stressed these other results of prompt ratification:

1. Withdrawal of occupation troops from Italy and the former satellite states except for the Trieste area and limited troops used to guard Soviet communication lines in Hungary and Romania to Austria.

2. The agreements will "create an element of stability" and encourage "further progress along the road to peace."

3. Once the treaties are ratified, Italy, Bulgaria, Rumania and Hungary may apply for admission to the United Nations, subscribe to the United Nations Charter "and like every other peace-loving state have the right of appeal for the settlement of any problem which might affect their peace and security."

Outlines Way To Revision In developing the last point, Byrnes outlined the one way "the more onerous clauses" in the four treaties might be revised—through qualifying as a member of the family of nations.

Conceding the four treaties "unsatisfactory" from many viewpoints, Byrnes told former colleagues they are "as good as we can hope to obtain at this time or for some time to come."

He said "absolute chaos" would result from failure to ratify and it would be "utter waste of time" to try to renegotiate them now.

Said Byrnes: "It is much better for us and for the countries concerned if we ratify these agreements, than if we have no agreements."

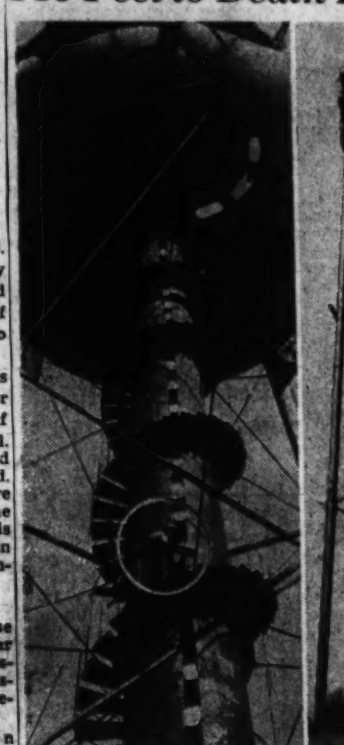
Said Marshall: "The treaties were not dictated by the United States; they were not dictated by any other power; they represent the composite judgment of the nations whose fighting made victory possible."

Marshall, who today leaves by plane for Monday's opening of the Big Four Foreign Ministers conference, received the committee's "Godspeed."

Senate Foreign Relations Chairman Arthur H. Vandenberg (R., See ACTS, Page 4, Column 7

Fall Kills Father of Two

Rope Breaks, Worker Plunges 145 Feet to Death Inside Pipe



Steelworker James A. McCool, Jr. (circled, left), who fell 145 feet to his death inside the steel standpipe (arrow, right) of the new water tower at Glenmont, Md., yesterday, was pictured February 1 as he climbed the circular stairway around the riser pipe. He dropped to the ground base inside the pipe when the bucket-seat from which he was working within the tank broke.

Britain, France Sign Treaty To Curb Reich

50-Year Alliance Announced at Site Of Dunkirk Defeat

Dunkirk, France, March 4 (U.P.)—A treaty binding France and Great Britain to act jointly against any possible future aggression by Germany and pledging the two countries to a 50-year alliance was signed here today by Foreign Ministers Ernest Bevin and Georges Bidault.

The pact also calls for mutual action by France and Great Britain in the event Germany defaults in any of her economic obligations.

The two countries also will "take all possible steps to preclude the prosperity and economic security" of each other.

All provisions are subject to provisions of the Charter of the United Nations.

Signed at Dunkirk Bevin and Bidault affixed their signatures in the tiny Dunkirk subprefecture building, the largest structure still standing in the devastated city where, in 1940, the Nazi army inflicted on Britain her greatest defeat in World War II.

A joint statement after the ceremony said:

"The Anglo-French treaty of alliance and mutual assistance defines the arrangements worked out between the two powers for establishing on a firm basis and within the framework of collective security as laid down by the charter of the United Nations, the reciprocal and special guarantees which they contemplate to prevent the recurrence of a German menace."

"On the occasion of the signing of this treaty, the Foreign Ministers of Great Britain and France express the hope that these guarantees will soon be completed by the conclusion of a four-power treaty laying down conditions for the disarmament and demilitarization of Germany."

See TREATY, Page 4, Column 7

Daylight Demanded

Civic Leaders Meet Friday To Protest Saving Time Ban

Aroused by the way the House ignored District opinion in voting down daylight saving time nine days ago, Washington civic leaders will meet Friday to map new strategy.

The meeting will be held at 4 p. m. in Room I of the U. S. Chamber of Commerce Building, 1615 H St. N.W.

The Board of Trade and the Junior Board of Commerce, joint sponsors of the meeting, have invited more than 350 organizations, including all of the city's citizens' associations, to send representatives to the meeting.

Organizations invited to send representatives include the Advertising Club of Washington, the District Department of the Amer-

Crisis Seen Of 'Primary Importance' By Marshall

Funds and Experts Requested; Leftist Regime Is Feared If Government Falls

(Text on Page 11)

By Marshall Andrews, Post Reporter

The Greek government, tottering on economic collapse, yesterday sent the United States a desperate plea for funds and for technical and financial experts.

Announcement by the State Department of the Greek note followed a statement by Secretary Marshall that the imminent collapse of the Greek economy was a matter of "primary importance" to the United States. Marshall issued his statement less than 24 hours before leaving at 9 a. m. today for the Big Four ministers council at Moscow.

He said details of action proposed by the Administration would be announced "very soon" by President Truman as the only person from whom so important an announcement could properly come. Mr. Truman is scheduled to make an address at Waco, Tex., Thursday.

Immediate Aid "Vital" The Greek note declared that "further and immediate assistance" to that war-torn land "has unfortunately become vital."

Greece, the note said, "is without funds to meet the present emergency and its people are 'powerless to meet the situation by themselves.'"

Addressed by Prime Minister Maximos and Foreign Minister Triafaris to President Truman and Secretary Marshall, the note said Greece was without funds to make immediate purchases to restore tranquility and security and to create means of self-support for the future. It said the Greek people were now unable to tackle the task of reconstruction upon which depends relief from their present critical state.

In London, meanwhile, it became known that the British had determined upon a program of reducing their military forces in Greece despite American offers of financial aid. This decision followed British studies of this situation, which showed a financial credit and surplus arms and military stores.

Eventual Withdrawal Seen The program of reduction was expected to culminate eventually in complete withdrawal of British armed forces from Greece.

American determination to take a hand in the troubled Balkans followed British representations last week that she was financially incapable of continuing to support the present Greek government. The British asked assistance from this country, assistance which was understood to be confined to funds and equipment and to exclude the dispatch of troops.

Approval of Congress, of course, is necessary before even this aid can be rendered. At the Capitol, where opinion on the question is divided, Marshall spent two hours yesterday explaining to the House See GREECE, Page 4, Column 6

Reparations Asked For German Jews

German payment of reparations to Jews and protection of Jewish rights in the German peace treaty have been demanded by the American Jewish Conference.

The organization announced here that it had presented its appeal to Secretary of State Marshall and to the British, French and Russian Ambassadors on the eve of the Moscow Conference.

The appeal was contained in an 850-page document, "Nazi Germany's War Against the Jews," based on Nuremberg trial testimony.

Numbers Game Raid Nets Six On McLean Ave.

Antigambling squad raiders broke up a neighborhood gathering at noon yesterday and arrested six persons on numbers game charges. The raid was made at 331 McLean ave. sw.

Those arrested were: Florence V. Williams, 45, of 331 McLean ave. sw.; Edith T. Sewell, 37, of 332 McLean ave. sw.; William E. Hughes, 24, of 324 McLean ave. sw.; Percy M. Johnson, 38, of 617 C St. se.; John J. Thomas, 41, of 347 McLean ave. sw., and Francis P. Johnson, 38, of 924 3d St. sw.

The two women were charged with operating a lottery and possession of lottery slips and released on \$1500 bond for appearance before United States Commissioner Needham C. Turnage today.

The four men, charged with possession of numbers slips, were released on \$500 bond for appearance in police court.

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Rising Mercury Helps Clear Highways;
Loudoun Area Prepares to Open Schools

As Virginians smiled at the rising temperature and dying winds, Loudoun County, one of the areas hardest hit by the snowstorm, yesterday prepared to reopen schools today "wherever possible."

Superintendent of Schools O. L. Emerick, who ordered the schools closed Monday and yesterday because of snow-blocked schoolbuses, said he had informed school principals to contact schoolbuses and students at points where roads were sufficiently cleared today to permit the reopening of the schoolbuses.

The highway department said primary roads in the area were all opened yesterday and 40 per cent of the secondary routes were cleared for schoolbus travel.

A department spokesman said that snow-clearing equipment was being mobilized around Luckett, Lovettsville, Road Run, North Fork and Union where drifts still hindered traffic. The workers were rotated on a 24-hour schedule, he said.

In the upper end of Fauquier County, highway officials were trying to clear secondary roads around Hume, which was cut off until yesterday by 2 to 8 foot drifts. Mail was delivered in parts of the county by horseback when motor vehicles could not get through.

The high winds died down yesterday and the thermometer hovered in the forties starting at noon. The 4 to 5-inch snow began melting, but not sufficiently to clear some of the double-decker mounds remaining from the original and second storms.

Highway department officials in Richmond said that reports showed road conditions had improved throughout the State with the break in the weather and the cessation of strong winds. A forecast of sunny and warmer today brought additional cheer to the weary officials fighting their second storm in two weeks.

Reports from district engineers indicated that the situation in the Staunton, Culpeper, Bristol and Salem highway districts—the areas hardest hit in the past two weeks—was much improved. In the Culpeper district some primary routes were open only to one-way traffic, but none was blocked completely.

A. E. Maxheimer Dies

Warrenton, Va., March 4.—Albert E. Maxheimer, 60, interior decorator, died today after a brief illness. He was a resident of Warrenton most of his life.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Geneva R. Maxheimer; a son, Albert E. Maxheimer, Jr.; three daughters, Mrs. E. Woodcock of Boston, Mrs. W. F. Riddon of Warrenton, and Mrs. C. J. Wehrkamp of Annapolis. He was born in Annapolis, Md., and was a member of the Annapolis Club.

Bar-Parley Slated

Richmond, Va., March 4.—The Virginia State Bar will hold its 1944 annual meeting in Room 1008 of the Hotel Jefferson, March 5 and 6. The meeting will be held at the Hotel Jefferson, March 5 and 6.

Postmaster Job Open

The Civil Service Commission announced yesterday it will receive applications for the postmaster position at Fredericksburg, Va. Applications must be filed by the close of business April 1. Names of the applicants will be announced later, probably on April 4.

Month's Cold Sets Record

Fredericksburg, Va., March 4.—Last month was one of the coldest Februarys on record in this area, the weatherman reported today, and no still shivering resident would quarrel with his report. The minimum temperature rose above freezing only twice, G. H. Morrison, weather recorder of the Department of Agriculture, said.

New GOP Paper Planned

Luray, Va., March 4.—A new weekly newspaper opposed to the poll tax and "the Byrd machine" will be started in Harrisonburg and Rockingham County this spring, I. R. Dovel, secretary of the Old Dominion Publishing Co. here, announced today.

The company now publishes the Commonwealth Review here, which commented on the project. "Editorially the two papers will be similar. The poll tax and the Byrd machine are just as deserving of opposition in Rockingham as they are in Page."

Dovel said an office will be opened in Harrisonburg and an editor named as soon as the date for the first issue is determined. Glenn Ruebush, Dr. L. N. Spitzer and Russell Harrison have been appointed to prepare for the new publication.

Discussion about the move has been continuing for several months, Dovel said. John Locke Green of Arlington is president of the publishing company.

New Trial Justice

Fredericksburg, Va., March 4.—Thomas Lomax Hunter, lawyer and writer, resigned yesterday as trial justice of King George County and Circuit Judge Leon M. Bazile appointed Harold Goldman, Jr., 30, to succeed him.

Hunter was named to the post about a month ago, shortly after the death of Trial Justice Douglas T. Gray.

Goldman will take office March 15. He practiced law in King George before military service in World War II. He has been employed in Richmond since leaving the service.

Shocking Situation

Richmond, Va., March 4.—The old hearty handshake around Governor Tuck's office isn't what it used to be.

Virginia's genial chief executive long has enjoyed a reputation for sociability and the friendly grip is a tradition for every visitor. He even shakes hands with the reporters every morning and every afternoon.

But something's gotten into the Governor's carpet. Electric sparks fly everywhere hands touch hand or hand touches metal. Since the Governor shakes hands perhaps a hundred times a day, he's been catching more than his share of the static sparks.

So if visitors to the Chief Executive's office find their greeting something less than enthusiastic, it isn't the company. It's only the carpet.

Bible Parley Delayed

Winchester, Va., March 4.—The fourth religious education institute of the Winchester Presbytery, scheduled to be held today, has been postponed indefinitely, officials announced. Meetings originally were scheduled for Berryville today and at Romney tomorrow.

P-TA Asks Sales Tax

Fredericksburg, Va., March 4.—The Parent-Teacher Association of C. T. Smith School in Caroline County has adopted a resolution calling for a State-wide consumer sales tax, the revenue to be used solely for public school purposes. The resolution was presented by Ryland Carter, a member of the P-TA, at a meeting at the school.

Church Women to Meet

Richmond, Va., March 4.—More than 1500 women are expected to attend the annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary Union of Virginia, to be held at the First Baptist Church here March 18-20, according to Miss Blanche White, executive secretary of the union, which has a State membership of 75,000.

President Truman's pastor, Dr. Edward Pruden of the First Baptist Church, Washington, D. C., will speak twice. President Henry Lin of the University of Shanghai, China, will also speak.

"Speakers at a banquet session will include Mrs. J. M. Dawson, Washington, D. C.; Miss Ruth W. Cline of Nigeria, West Africa, will speak at an evening session.

First Dial Telephones

Fredericksburg, Va., March 4.—The first dial exchanges of the Tidewater Telephone Co., which serves most of the Northern Neck area, will be placed in operation this week at Montross and Hague. Rodney M. Coggin, president, said the manually operated exchanges at Coleman and Beach will be converted to dial this year.

McGee Herd High

Fredericksburg, Va., March 4.—The 298 cows tested in the Fredericksburg Dairy Herd Improvement Association during February produced 149,283 pounds of milk and 7,402.2 pounds of butterfat. This made an average of 501 pounds of milk and 24.8 pounds of butterfat per cow.

New Girl Scout Troop

Manassas, Va., March 4.—The newly organized Woodbridge Girl Scout Troop No. 2, sponsored by the Occoquan Parent-Teacher Association, has selected officers. Mrs. M. White is in charge, assisted by a committee including Mrs. Mary Joyce, Mrs. Marian Davis, Mrs. Myrtle Jennings, B. W. Brunt and Fred Lynn.

Troop officers are: Edith M. Corder, scribe; Patricia Ann White, treasurer; Shirley Southworth, librarian; Peggy Bright, Johanna Joyce, Dora May Davis and Nancy Harmon, patrol leaders.

Named to Safety Post

Richmond, Va., March 4.—The appointment of John Ambler Jamison, Front Royal attorney, as hearing examiner of the safety responsibility bureau of the division of motor vehicles has been announced by Commissioner C. F. Joyner, Jr.

Jamison fills a vacancy created by the resignation of E. H. Williams, Jr., to become executive director of the Governor's Highway Safety Committee.

Richmond Plans DST

Richmond, Va., March 4.—The Richmond City Council will act March 20 on a proposal calling for daylight saving hours for city employees.

The proposal, sponsored by Councilman Harry R. James, would put city employees on the earlier schedule from April 27 to September 27. Other Richmond businesses also would be requested to keep daylight saving hours.

Southern Md. Maps Boost in Tobacco Crop

Southern Maryland tobacco farmers last night opened a five-county campaign to increase their annual crop by 10 per cent in a bid for a larger share of the rich cigarette-tobacco market.

Dr. T. R. Symons, director of the University of Maryland extension service, said a team of three tobacco experts will speak at a series of five tobacco-farmer meetings throughout southern Maryland to launch the educational campaign.

Anne Arundel County farmers met last night at Mount Zion High School, near Upper Marlboro, to hear Walter P. Posey, tobacco specialist at the University of Maryland; G. B. Byers, farm management specialist from the University of Kentucky; and John B. Morsell, Calvert County tobacco grower.

Symons said four more meetings are scheduled for Calvert County at the Prince Frederick Courthouse Wednesday afternoon; for Prince Georges County at the high school here Wednesday night; for St. Marys County at the Leonardtown Courthouse Thursday afternoon, and for Charles County at La Plata High School Thursday night.

As farmers reported the 1946 crop now aging in tobacco barns to be "exceptionally high in quality," speakers last night called for continued high quality and for a 10 per cent crop increase in the 1947 crop.

The current crop is expected to yield 85 per cent cigarette tobacco, Symons said.

Byers told farmers some of the "tricks of the trade" used by Kentucky growers and demonstrated labor-saving devices.

Posey called for a "10 per cent increase in tobacco production" and pointed out that the southern Maryland crop in the past five years has nose-dived more than a million pounds from total yield reported in the previous five years.

Morsell discussed marketing methods and pricing techniques governing the sale of the 1946 crop.

Gov. Lane Signs 4 Bills Affecting Prince Georges

Annapolis, Md., March 4.—Bills abolishing the office of Montgomery County supervisor of school property, increasing the pay of Prince Georges County county employees and affecting the town of Seat Pleasant were among the 13 signed by Governor Lane last night.

Introduced by Delegate Rush (R., Montgomery), the measure eliminating the school post was almost unanimously passed. The resolution was presented by Ryland Carter, a member of the P-TA, at a meeting at the school.

The other four measures were authorized by the Prince Georges County delegation. One entitled Seat Pleasant officials to borrow \$125,000 for public improvement, and another extends the town's boundaries.

The remaining acts raise the pay of bailiffs in the county Circuit Court from \$3 to \$5 and of clerks from \$3.50 to \$5.

Fire in Hangar Ruins Six Planes At Gettysburg

Gettysburg, Pa., March 4.—Six private planes and 4200 baby chicks were destroyed in a fire that leveled the Gettysburg Air Force hangar last night, causing \$80,000 damage.

Fire Chief James A. Aumen said high winds, aided by exploding gasolines in the planes' gas tanks, caused the building to burn rapidly. No one was injured.

Richard Bircher, airport owner, said only two planes were saved. All were owned by Gettysburg residents.

The chicks were stored in the hangar overnight.

Pennsy Renews Eleven Flag Stops On Bowie Branch

Eleven flag stops have been renewed on the Pennsylvania Railroad line running from Bowie to Pope's Creek in Prince Georges County, effective last Sunday.

The new stops at Collington, Mullikin, Hall, Leeland, Cronne, Duley, Chaltenham, Osborne, Port Tobacco, Cox and Lothair. The line also will continue flag stops at Marlboro, Waldorf, Indian Head Junction and LaPlata.

New time schedules are: Leave Bowie at 7:40 a. m., arriving in Pope's Creek at 11:15 a. m. Leave Pope's Creek at 11:30 a. m., arriving in Bowie at 5:30 p. m.

Support Pledged Drive for Hospital

A resolution pledging support to the Silver Spring Hospital Association has been adopted by the Silver Spring, Md., Women's Democratic Club.

Mrs. William Bowman, club president, said the club has endorsed a canvass for private subscriptions for the association.

The resolution recognized the need for a hospital in Silver Spring and voted confidence in the Association's officers and board of construction trustees.

Man Kills Wife, Self

Roanoke, Va., March 4.—A verdict of murder and suicide has been given by Dr. Russell Smiley, coroner, in the pistol death of Delmar S. Seagle, 34-year-old New York warehouse worker, and his estranged wife, Katherine.

The two were killed at the home of the girl's parents in nearby Salem last night.

Sheriff E. E. Waldron said Seagle pumped three bullets from a small 22-caliber pistol into his wife's body and then turned the gun on himself. Their bodies were found close together on the dining room floor, the sheriff said.

The Seagles leave a one-year-old child.

Hearings Set on Oyster Leases, Abolition of Fisheries Board

Annapolis, Md., March 4.—Legislative leaders today arranged what promises to be a three-day battle royal over the leasing of oyster beds in Chesapeake Bay to individual operators and the life of Maryland's Tidewater Fisheries Commission.

Chairman Goldstein (D., Calvert) of the Senate Chesapeake Bay and Tributaries Committee, set up the three-day schedule today.

Next Tuesday in the Senate chamber at 10 a. m., those who favor leasing the oyster beds under terms which would stipulate replantment before a joint hearing of the Senate and House committees responsible for Tidewater legislation.

On Thursday, after adjournment, Goldstein's Senate committee will hold a hearing on a bill which would abolish the Tidewater Fisheries Commission and replace it with a new Chesapeake Bay authority.

Before the joint committee hearing as it listens to both sides of the leasing question will be two bills: A House measure, introduced by the Fisheries Commission, which would permit leasing, and a Senate bill, introduced at the behest of small oystermen, which would prohibit leasing.

These developments came after the commission answered at a legislative hearing today accusations of "failure" and inefficiency leveled against it by Tidewater senators who have united in support of the bill which would set up the new authority.

Edwin Warfield, Jr., commission chairman, took the lead in discussing the commission activities, including its decision to favor leasing Chesapeake Bay oyster lands to private industry, at a hearing which

developed these commission views. The commission strongly opposes legalizing dredging in the Potomac River because it contends that would seriously deplete the river's oyster population and make law enforcement even more difficult.

The commission now has a "practical" member in George T. Harrison, who favors leasing oyster lands in the bay, but opposes commission sponsorship of such legislation.

The commission's support for leasing developed in December and was embodied in its annual report with the expressed desire that the General Assembly itself make the rules about leasing.

4. The cost of maintaining the State yacht Potomac would provide many boats or planes for enforcing oyster laws in the Potomac River and the bay.

5. That watermen ought to be organized to bring their views to the Tidewater Fisheries Commission and that more work should be done on a local basis as in farm groups.

6. That the commission's support for leasing developed in December and was embodied in its annual report with the expressed desire that the General Assembly itself make the rules about leasing.

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Judge Refuses Further Delay In Fraud Trial

Richmond, Va., March 4.—Federal Judge J. Waties Waring charged the trial of nine defendants charged with aiding and abetting William Reeves Gardner in misapplication of funds of the Planters Branch of the Farmers and Merchants Bank of Fredericksburg, refused today to delay proceedings when counsel for one of the principal defendants reported he was unable to appear because of illness.

Defendant Hugh N. Rakes, charged in 13 counts of the 20-count indictment, told the court his attorney, J. B. Morgan, would not be able to appear and a medical certificate was presented to the court.

"I am not going to stop this case," Judge Waring said. "Mr. Morgan told me yesterday he wasn't feeling well but he didn't say he wouldn't be here. Go and make arrangements for counsel. I am not going to have this case delayed."

Court Men Counsel Rakes reported that counsel to whom he had been referred by Morgan was unable to appear immediately due to a case in another court. Judge Waring thereupon appointed W. R. Alcott as temporary counsel for Rakes and Mrs. Rakes, who was named in ten counts of the indictment.

As the second day of the trial got under way a motion was made to permit the prosecution of Joseph E. Proffitt, president of the Fidelity County Bank and a member of the Virginia Legislature, in the Western District of Virginia.

Attorney Stuart Campbell contended that the Eastern District Court was without jurisdiction because the offense alleged took place in Floyd County. Under the aiding and abetting charge, Campbell said, a substantive offense was alleged and there was no conspiracy involved nor suggested in the indictment.

Campbell said the same applied to another of his clients, Joseph A. Sowers, cashier of the Fidelity Bank.

After Assistant District Attorney George R. Humrickhouse had called as analogous a case in the Fidelity County Bank and a member of the Virginia Legislature, in the Western District of Virginia.

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Maryland News

Winds Die Down as Western Maryland Renews Fight to Free Secondary Roads

Tired highway workers, aided by improved temperatures and reduced winds, were able to clear most of western Maryland highways yesterday and began to attack drifted secondary roads in Washington and Frederick counties.

In Frederick, the temperature reached the middle forties yesterday afternoon and the wind dropped from 45 miles an hour to 28. Rural mail deliveries were resumed and school attendance was 70 per cent of normal, Superintendent Eugene W. Pruitt reported.

Road workers moved to the Mountaineer, Brunswick-Petersville and Middletown-Marysville roads. The Hagerstown-Frederick Highway, which was blocked at Middletown, was opened yesterday morning when a railroad snow plow managed to break through 10-foot drifts.

The Frederick-Thurmont line, closed most of last week, was clear again and all State roads were open, highway department officials said.

A Baltimore and Ohio freight train was stuck yesterday afternoon in drifts on a Washington County branch line below Hagerstown. Forty passengers were shuttled into Hagerstown, late Monday after being marooned several hours on a southbound Pennsylvania train bogged down in drifts near the Pennsylvania State line.

Two other trains were bogged down yesterday near Charles Town, W. Va., after crossing from Brunswick, Md., on runs into the Shenandoah Valley.

Authorities said traffic on the B. & O. division which runs from Harper's Ferry, W. Va., to Strasburg, Va., remained suspended.

The St. James School for Boys, 8 miles south of Hagerstown, was blocked off by wind-blown drifts and got a new supply of food by handcar for its 140 students and faculty. Officials said the school might be abandoned for lack of coal if a new supply could not be brought in within the next few days.

Garrett and Washington counties, struck hardest by the storm, closed all schools indefinitely. In Garrett the snowfall reached 43 inches.

Overdrawn, Kills Self

Cumberland, Md., March 4.—Alfred J. Kasubick, 35, was found shot to death today, a shotgun by his side, and Dr. H. V. Deming, deputy medical examiner, said he apparently killed himself after being advised he was \$100 overdrawn at the bank.

Deming said he learned from Mrs. Kasubick that she told her husband last night of the overdraft in his checking account and that Kasubick "had a tendency to be upset by little matters" since returning from the service.

Would Legalize 'Slots' Annapolis, Md., March 4.—Bills creating a liquor license commission and legalizing the use of slot and pinball machines in St. Marys County went into the House today.

The proposals to establish a three-man liquor board, appointed by the governor, also carries a provision to halt the sale of any alcoholic beverage in the county on Sundays. Although liquor may be sold only six days a week now, beer is permissible on Sundays.

Senator Guyther (D., St. Marys), explained that 1600 slot machines are now operating in the county and the Federal Government has been taxing \$100 apiece. In addition, the State amusement tax of one-half of 1 per cent is produced another \$4000 annually.

The present bill, introduced by the county delegation, would assess each machine an additional \$100 for the county, with proceeds going to school funds until 1952 and general funds thereafter.

Guyther predicted the number of machines would decrease by about 300 if the measure is enacted.

Middies to Be Hosts Annapolis, Md., March 4.—Naval Academy midshipmen will play hosts for a week, starting tomorrow, to 150 British naval cadets, who will arrive aboard H. M. S. Frobiisher. The Frobiisher, with 35 officers and a crew of 425, will anchor in Annapolis Roads during the cadets' stay.

Arundel Seeks DST Annapolis, Md., March 4.—Daylight time for Anne Arundel County this summer was proposed today.

The Anne Arundel County delegation introduced a bill to that effect, as an aftermath of the defeat last week of daylight time for Maryland as a whole.

Baltimore City and Baltimore County already are scheduled to have fast time after the last Sunday in April.

The Anne Arundel delegation introduced another House bill authorizing the County Commissioners to set up zoning controls on residential, commercial, industrial and other building. It would permit the commissioners to appoint a Zoning Commissioner, and Board of Zoning Appeals, with further appeal to the County Circuit Court.

Fredericksburg Bank—lost money as the result of dealings between Rakes and Lamson.

If there was fraud or misapplication in connection with Lamson's transactions with Rakes, McNeill said, it was on the part of the bank which forwarded the certificates of cash settlements through the Central National Bank and the Federal Reserve Bank in Richmond.

The Government charges that Lamson gave the dairy operator checks on the Fredericksburg Bank and that these checks were deposited in the other three banks before funds were deposited in the former bank to cover the checks.

The Fredericksburg Bank cleared to it by the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond.

Denies Bank Losses The Washington attorney asserted that none of the several banks involved in the charges—the Purcellville National Bank, the Leesburg Bank and the Fidelity County Bank, as well as the Fredericksburg Bank of Richmond.

Not for Md. Guardsmen!

Baltimore, Md., March 4.—Five thousand secondhand Army uniforms at Camp Ritchie will stay until the Army disposes of them because they are of too poor quality for Maryland National Guardsmen. Maj. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, State adjutant general, said today.

"We shouldn't put clothing which might be considered a disgrace on men we are trying to encourage to join the National Guard with the aid of a one million dollars publicity program," he said.

He added, however, that the Army sent the good 5000 new uniforms which would take care of immediate needs.

General Reckord told a War Department Representative at the Adjutants General Association meeting in Washington last week that the Maryland uniforms in many cases were so bad "I won't put them on a single man."

Almswork Work Set

Frederick, Md., March 4.—Responding to recent criticism of alleged fire hazards at the County Almshouse at Mount Airy, the County Commissioners today announced that fire doors will be installed and dumb waiters will be capped.

In addition, roads will be expanded to permit firefighting equipment to approach the structure. The board also decided to discontinue locking doors of inmates except those housed in detention quarters.

The commissioners said no major improvements are contemplated since present inmates of the institution will eventually be transferred to the Western Shore Chronic Diseases Hospital to be built near Hagerstown.

Yokohama, March 4 (P)—Pfc. Arthur C. Winters of Rauling, Md., was killed March 1 when an acetylene tank burst near him, the United States Eighth Army announced today.

Mexican Fiesta Fetes Truman, 'New Era of Friendship' Seen

By Ernest B. Vaccaro

Mexico City, March 4 (AP).—President Truman was described yesterday by Mexico's President Miguel Aleman as "the new champion" of hemispheric solidarity.

He celebrated the second day of his goodwill visit at a colorful fiesta.

Responding to Mr. Truman's toast at a luncheon at the United States Embassy, the Mexican chief executive asserted:

"You are the new champion of the solidarity and understanding among the American republics."

"We are at the beginning of a new era of sincere and solid friendship."

Aleman spoke after Mr. Truman toasted him as the "perfect host and great man."

Folk Dancing Fiesta

This ceremony followed a morning in which this cheering, hand-clapping capital delighted the visiting Executive with a fiesta of folk dancing and singing in sunbaked National Stadium.

The United States Executive sat for two hours with President Aleman while hundreds of Mexican boys and girls unfolded to his obvious delight ceremonies as old as Mexico itself. Two persons were killed and four injured in the crush as thousands sought to force their way into the stadium which was jammed to its 15,000 capacity.

The two Presidents drove to and from the stadium through streets crowded with Mexicans of all walks of life who shouted "Viva Harry" and "Ole" as the big, black White House limousine rolled past.

President Aleman accompanied his across-the-border visitor to the United States Embassy, where he was guest of honor at a Truman luncheon, having played host himself at a state dinner in the National Palace last night.

Before going to the fiesta to sit

'Toots' Got the Worst of This Accident ...



COLLISION CASUALTY—"Toots," pet dog of Stephen A. Borkus, of 1212 Churchill ave., Trenton, N. J., waits on a pile of coal for a veterinarian to fix her broken leg. Toots was the only casualty when Borkus' light car collided with a coal truck at 1st and L sts. nw., Monday.

Churchill Plan Wins Reprieve For 5 Africans

London, March 4 (AP).—A pas-

sionate appeal for justice by wartime Premier Winston Churchill today won indefinite postponement of the hanging of five members of African "royalty" who were to be executed for the ju-ju ritual murder of a Gold Coast chieftain.

Sir Alan Burns, governor of the African Gold Coast, granted a last-minute reprieve to the men who were convicted of slaying a village chief so he could accompany the lone spirit of their late arch chief on the journey into the hereafter.

It was reported without confirmation that Burns had resigned. Churchill's oratory yesterday rallied all parties of Commons to his side and sparked a reluctant colonial secretary, Arthur Creech Jones, into action. The Colonial Office was visibly embarrassed. It was the first time a conviction had been obtained in a ju-ju murder and the men were to be hung as examples in the hope that the custom of murder by ritual would end on the Gold Coast.

The men who were saved were Kwaku Amoako Atta, Kwasi Pipim, Kwame Kaya, Opoku Afenwee and Aaron Eugene Doake Dankwa, alias Yaw Boskye.

"This affair in West Africa flouted every decent tradition of British justice," Churchill cried. Members of the House set upon Creech Jones until he promised to cable a strong appeal to the Gold Coast governor.

The men were condemned to death December, 1944, for the ceremonial murder of Akyea Mensah, chief of the village of Apedwa in the enlightened state of Akim Abakwa.

Mensah was an important mourner at the funeral of Sir Afrol Atta, high chief of Akim Abakwa, who died a natural death. But when Mensah went into the royal palace at Kibi in February, 1944, to pay his last respects he was never seen again.

Two royal stool carriers said they had peeked into the throne room and saw eight men club Mensah to death, then thrust a spear through his chest and tongue to keep him from putting a curse on them. Three of the eight were Sir Afrol's sons and all were relatives.

They claimed that Sir Afrol had appeared before them as a ghost demanding that a person of high rank be killed to join him in death. He complained that only small sacrifices had been made. Mensah was also chief of Sir Afrol's royal bodyguard.

To Discuss Legislation

Delegate T. Raymond Burch of Prince Georges County will dis-

Maryland General Assembly which cuss pending legislation before the would affect the county tax rate at the meeting of the Prince Georges County Real Estate Board to the Varsity G.O. se Park, Friday night 7 o'clock.

McGarraghy said he was

HOME

From Page 1

office Miss Carey Maddox, the school's social worker. She is young and enthusiastic about her work. She joined the school staff a month after Mrs. Smith.

"I don't wish to say this as any criticism of Judge Reedy," said Miss Maddox, "but you tell me she asked whether Aurelia had been examined by a doctor. I wish she had called me as a witness. I could have told her that the girl had been given a psychiatric examination."

"That's the only way we can work with them," added Mrs. Smith, "by treating them as individual cases. We try to gain their confidence. After all, we have no guards here. We can't and we won't beat them."

Have Won Girls' Confidence

"The two matrons who were assaulted by Aurelia are fairly new to our staff. I say that as a possible explanation. Perhaps they haven't yet gained the trust of the girls."

"I know it was difficult for me at first. They were suspicious of me. But I think they accept me and Miss Maddox differently now. It was Miss Maddox who finally quieted them Sunday. And I have gone into the cottage when they were disorderly and talked them into behaving."

"A policeman once told me after I had quieted the girls, 'Mrs. Smith, I'd rather go after an armed bandit in a dark alley than go in there with those girls like you did.'"

Washington Restaurant Association, among others.

In the invitation sent to the organizations, the Board of Trade and Junior Board of Commerce said:

"We need your best counsel in exploring (a) the possibility of achieving daylight saving through legislation under Senator McGrath's bill or (b) advisability of some form of voluntary cooperation to achieve the same results."

"We are convinced that the great majority of Washington citizens want daylight saving this year."

"Please come on Friday at 4 p. m. and help us work out a feasible plan, preferably for commendation to Congress."

"If you cannot be there, we hope you will send a representative and also inform any of your friends and associates who may be interested."

The invitation was signed by Joseph C. McGarraghy, president of the Board of Trade, and L. W. Lawder, president of the Junior Board of Commerce.

"The majority of the civic organizations," said Lawder yesterday, "are not entirely happy over the way the House acted on the daylight saving issue. The House showed a complete disregard of the desire of the majority of Washington's citizens. We believe Congress still can be convinced."

McGarraghy said he was

THROW BASKET AT POLICE

Mrs. Smith's ideas may be the

right ones. The defiant Aurelia, before police whisked her off to the Women's Bureau Sunday, came to the superintendent's side and whispered:

"I'm sorry for what happened, Mrs. Smith. Honest, I am."

Threw Basket at Police

According to Mrs. Smith the trouble at the school started at about 4 p. m. Sunday during visiting hours. Aurelia, she said, accused Miss Thelma Taylor, a matron, of spying on her while she visited with relatives.

Miss Taylor reported the girl's outburst to Miss Frances Blackshear, acting assistant superintendent. Miss Blackshear ordered the girl to go to her cottage.

Threw Basket at Police

Aurelia left but returned a short while later and attacked Miss Blackshear on the second floor of the main building. Later, in Shaw Cottage, where the 40 girl inmates sleep, she assaulted Miss Taylor.

The Seventh Precinct was called and two policemen responded. When they entered the cottage, Aurelia threw a wastebasket at their heads. This was the signal for a general melee, with all of the girls joining in the attack against the police. The officers retreated to safety. One of them called the precinct and five additional officers were sent to the school.

By the time police reinforcements arrived, Miss Maddox had restored order. Mrs. Smith said property damage was small, only three broken chairs.

Backs McGrath Bill

"We have always been told," he said, "to show Congress what the majority wanted in District legislation and that the majority's wish would be followed. I believe we can still receive favorable action on the McGrath bill if we in the District show strongly enough that we want daylight saving time."

McGarraghy urged that all "interested parties" inform members of the Senate District Committee of their desire for daylight saving time.

The bill introduced in the Senate by Senator J. Howard McGrath (D., R.) represents the Senator's second attempt to obtain daylight saving time for the District.

An earlier DST bill by McGrath was tabled by the Senate District Committee after the House voted 210 to 124 against daylight time for the District.

Farmers Protested.

The House action followed protests by farmers to Congressmen that they would be forced to arise an hour earlier to get their products to market.

The action overlooked these facts: (1) that about two-thirds of the District's residents favor DST according to The Post poll and (2) that most businessmen favor the change in hours.

D. C. Business Property Up 68% in Prices

By Edward F. Ryan

Washington's assessed valuation on all types of property for tax purposes are higher now than the selling prices in the "normal" real estate market of the years 1938 to 1940.

Since the "normal" period, however, the prices of 50 pieces of business property, sold during the 1938-40 period and sold again in the 1945-47 period, rose more than 68 per cent. The price of eight apartments which changed hands in both periods rose 43 per cent. For 180 residential properties the sales price increased 72 per cent.

These conclusions were made public yesterday by District Tax Assessor Edward A. Dent following a study of real estate transactions he made for Representative George J. Bates (R., Mass.), chairman of the House District Fiscal Affairs Subcommittee.

To Aid Tax Study

Bates called for the study to help in preparing for the March 18 hearing on the Commissioners' program to raise nearly 20 million dollars a year through new taxes.

Dent said the survey had been made on properties that changed hands in the 1938-1940 period and in the 1945-1947 period.

Fifty pieces of business property sold during the prewar period for \$1,318,928, Dent's figures showed. The assessed valuations for these properties was \$1,493,800.

Total sales price for these properties during the 1945-1947 period was \$2,234,700 and the assessed valuation was \$1,691,238.

Apartment Building Figures

On eight apartment buildings, the 1938-1940 sales prices totaled \$674,650 and the assessed valuation was \$602,728. Their sales prices totaled \$966,000 in the period 1945 to 1947, and the assessed valuation was \$760,858.

For 180 pieces of residential property the comparison was: 1938-1940, sales price \$1,545,427; assessed valuation, \$1,451,274; for the period 1945 to 1947, sales price, \$2,657,517, assessed valuation, \$1,659,453.

Dent emphasized that in each group, the assessed valuation for the 1945 to 1947 period was higher than the selling prices in the 1938 to 1940 period.

Assessments have been increased 20 per cent on residential property, and adjusted for business property, as the basis for the next property tax bills to be paid by District owners.

GREECE

From Page 1

Appropriations Committee the Greek situation in Greece.

Upon receipt of the British note last week, President Truman called a secret bipartisan conference of members of Congress concerned with foreign affairs and appropriations. There the matter of aid to Britain was laid before them and their assistance sought.

Communists Are Menace

The British government informed this Government it could not endure the burden of its economic commitments in Greece after March 31. Impoverished Greece has been dependent since the end of the war upon British troops to prevent the incursion of Communist-led and Yugoslav-trained guerrillas from the provinces bordering on Yugoslavia.

It has been accepted here and in London that fall of the present Greek monarchy would lead to a leftist government through which the influence of Soviet Russia would be extended across the Mediterranean lifeline of the western powers.

In his statement yesterday, Marshall made it clear that this Government regards maintenance of the Greek government "in the light of the world situation" as vital.

U. S. Studies Situation

"For some time," Marshall said, "this Government has been endeavoring in various ways to assist in the restoration of the economy of Greece. Spurred by appeals from the Greek government, it has been studying ways and means of providing additional assistance. This study included the Greek of the economic mission headed by Paul A. Porter which is now in Greece. It has also involved consultations and exchanges of ideas with the Greek government and the British government, which has likewise been bending every effort to help Greece."

"Recently reports from our own representatives and from the Greek and British governments have shown that the economic condition of Greece has deteriorated to the verge of collapse. The Greek government has renewed its request for help. In the light of the world situation, this is a matter of primary importance to the United States. It has received the urgent attention of the President and the executive agencies concerned. It has been discussed with the appropriate congressional leaders."

Problems Are Far-Reaching

"I cannot say anything today regarding the action which may be taken, other than that a full public statement will be made very soon, when the executive agencies have completed their consideration of the matter. The problems involved are so far-reaching and of such transcendental importance that any announcement relating to them could properly come only from the President himself. The final decision will rest with the President and the Congress."

As Marshall prepared to leave for Moscow it was made known that he had accepted an invitation to stop at Paris to confer with French President Vincent Auriol. Speculation on the significance of

Meetings Here

U. S.-Mexico Foot-Mouth Parleys Set

The United States and Mexico

will join today in plans to stamp out an epidemic of foot-and-mouth disease now threatening the entire livestock and dairy industries in 10 large Mexican states.

Four Mexican agricultural experts arrived yesterday to meet with a similar group of American scientists. The Mexican group included Licenciado Oscar Flores, undersecretary of Animal Industry, Ministry of Agriculture and Development chairman; Dr. Fernando Camargo, chief, Division of Scientific Investigations, Ministry of Agriculture and Development; Dr. Jose Figueroa, Department of Animal Industry; Ignacio de la Torre, secretary.

They will meet with the following United States experts: L. A. Wheeler, director, Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations; W. V. Lambert, agricultural research administrator; J. Barnard Gibbs, agricultural attaché, United States Embassy, Mexico City, and John A. Hopkins, Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations.

Also at the meeting will be officials of the State Department and heads of the Bureau of Animal Industry, Dr. B. T. Simms and Dr. S. O. Fladness. The meetings are the result of recent legislation authorizing cooperation in the campaign with Mexico.

PACTS

From Page 1

Mich.) spoke for the committee. He said: "You will speak for a great people who want nothing for themselves except the right to live honorably in a world of free men."

Following the hearing, Vandenberg told newsmen he knew of no "substantial congressional opposition" to ratification of the Italian and Balkan treaties, but didn't want to return a "jury verdict" this soon.

TREATY

From Page 1

tion of Germany and the methods of putting them into effect."

Bevin Expresses Views

Bevin, en route to the Moscow Conference of the Big Four Foreign Ministers' council, said before signing:

"I think that Russia realizes that this treaty is not a western bloc but only a step in the pattern of universal peace."

"We are trying to build a durable peace, step by step, and it is better to go slower and be patient, rather than to go quickly and make mistakes."

Baldwin has announced the same treaty provisions would be offered to "the other great allies" and to The Netherlands, Belgium, Poland and Czechoslovakia. The treaty also has been described as a possible forerunner of a Big Four pact such as that proposed last year by former U. S. Secretary of State James F. Byrnes to cement Allied accord in relations with Germany.

At the ceremony, Bevin made an allusion to the right, expressing pleasure that "unlike 1919, the United States is ready to develop further treaties and further commitments on behalf of world peace."

On Capitol Hill, Senator Pepper (D., Fla.) proposed that the Greek problem be referred to the United Nations to avoid suggestion of an "imperialistic move" aimed at Russia.

Pepper Sees 'Undeclared War'

"If we are going to carry on an undeclared war at all the critical points of the world," Pepper said, "there is no hope for peace."

Former Secretary of State Byrnes, testifying before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee on peace treaties with Italy, Hungary, Bulgaria and Rumania, described the plight of Greece as "one of the headaches" of the treaty-makers. He pointed out that, under terms of the treaties, countries claiming reparations would supply raw materials to former enemy countries, receiving finished products as reparations payments.

"But I don't know of any raw materials Greece has," he said. "Somebody would have to make advances to Greece to buy raw materials before she can receive the reparations she was awarded."

Tells Police Of Kidnaping

Redskins as well as the game with the Bears.

Filchok, the first witness called to the stand, denied that he knew Stemmer, Krakauer or Zarowitz, but acknowledged that he knew Paris.

Filchok said when Paris asked him whether a football game would be fixed he answered, "No, and even if it could be, I wouldn't."

Paris was charged with offering the two players \$3500 each to throw the game with the Bears.

Several Are Injured In Tanker Explosion

Houston, March 4 (AP).—Several crew members of the oil tanker Lyons Creek were hospitalized here today after a terrific explosion tore a hole in the ship and then set it afire.

The blast opened the ship from beam to end and it listed badly. A large iron beam was thrown 300 feet partly through the roof of a warehouse and part of the wharf was destroyed. Buildings throughout eastern Houston rocked by the blast.

'Amber' Puts Judge To Sleep In 10 Minutes

Boston, March 4 (AP).—A Superior Court judge hearing a censorship case against the disputed novel "Forever Amber" said today that he fell asleep after reading the volume 10 minutes.

Kathleen Winsor's novel of a gay beauty of England's seventeenth century court is charged with being "obscene."

4 Units Report 9.07% Pledged To Red Cross

Four units in the Metropolitan

area's Red Cross campaign reported contributions of \$71,425 at the first progress report luncheon yesterday.

This represents 9.07 per cent of the area's \$787,560 goal. Five other units, representing Maryland and Virginia counties, will report later. The campaign opened March 1.

At the luncheon meeting, held yesterday at the United States Chamber of Commerce, Gen. Alexander A. Vandegrift, Marine Corps commandant, told of what the Red Cross means to him.

"All of us now must remember that we still need the Red Cross although the screaming headlines of war no longer appear. I know that there are at least 2000 Marines still in Naval and veterans' hospitals, for whom the war is not yet over," General Vandegrift declared.

The second progress report luncheon will be held Friday at 12:30 p. m. at the United States Chamber of Commerce.

ANNAPOLIS

From Page 1

committee by motion of Chairman Clark (D., Harford).

Opposed by Health Dept.

The State Health Department has opposed creation of the commission on the ground that it is now sufficient regulatory authority on the books to decontaminate the State's streams.

Clark said he was asking that the committee study the measure some more to see if it could remove amendments which would remove health department objections.

Two acts were sent on their way to Governor Lane after the House concurred in some Senate amendments.

One of them allows banks in all but five counties to close on Saturdays throughout the year.

The other act allows hunters to keep game birds and animals refrigerated for food for 180 days after a season ends.

Research Bill Favored

A bill to require State departments and institutions to file reports of their research activities with the State Planning Commission was put on the House calendar once more.

President H. C. Byrd of the University of Maryland went before the House Judiciary Committee last week to raise vehement protest against the measure. He contended some of the university research is both secret and important and it would be jeopardized by the bill.

Chairman Melnicove (D., Balto.) of the committee said later that Chairman Henry T. Irvin of the Planning Commission had appeared and asked for passage, while Dr. Byrd did not come back.

Whereupon, he said, the committee voted a favorable report. The bill already has passed the Senate.

GALLUP

From Page 1

the Democratic Party will continue is a question which only the future can answer.

Meanwhile, the Democrats find themselves in a vastly different position today from what they were a few short months ago, when some observers were handing the Presidency to anyone the Republicans might choose to put up.

Readers should be reminded that it is not popular votes but electoral votes which elect Presidents. Because of the peculiar situation which exists in the South, where the overwhelming majority of popular votes go to the Democrats, the Democrats normally need slightly more than 50 per cent of the popular vote to elect a President as a whole in order to gain enough electoral votes to elect their man.

GAMBLE

From Page 1

Redskins as well as the game with the Bears.

Filchok, the first witness called to the stand, denied that he knew Stemmer, Krakauer or Zarowitz, but acknowledged that he knew Paris.

Filchok said when Paris asked him whether a football game would be fixed he answered, "No, and even if it could be, I wouldn't."

Paris was charged with offering the two players \$3500 each to throw the game with the Bears.

Additional D. C. Names Listed As Receiving U. S. Tax Refunds

Additional names of District individuals and businesses receiving Federal tax refunds are listed here.

The Post is publishing the names of those in the District who received refunds of \$1000 or more as space permits.

Refunds on income taxes and other levies during the year ended June 30, 1946, were made public Monday in an Internal Revenue Bureau report to Congress.

The list:

Fort View Apartments, Inc., 1200 15th st. nw., \$1560.41 (excess profits).

Freelich Theater Corp., 1343 U st. nw., \$5668.38 (excess profits).

Robert E. and Alice B. Freer, care of Federal Trade Commission, \$1113.26.

Fries, Beall & Sharp Co., Inc., 734 10th st. nw., \$18,623.30 (excess profits).

Alfred C. Frolen, American Security Building, \$1571.12.

Paul V. Gallagher, 2322 Skyland place, \$1750.45.

Gallagher & Hughes, Inc., Sherman ave. and West st. nw., \$13,624.15 (excess profits).

Ciro Gallotti, Inc., 1304 G st. nw., \$1589.44 (excess profits).

Ciro Gallotti, Inc., 1304 G st. nw., \$1714.36.

Garfinkel & Co., Inc., 1401 F st. nw., \$14,329.41.

Victor J. Garvin, 1420 New York ave. nw., \$1642.38.

Winslow M. Gauley, 3624 Warren ave. nw., \$1717.68.

William W. Georges, 614 12th st. nw., \$1109.27.

Giant Food Shopping Center, Inc., 845 Bladensburg rd. ne., \$2904.93.

J. T. Gibbons, 27th and K sts. nw., \$1545.26.

Bertie S. Gillespie, 3520 37th st. nw., \$1875.74.

Fain Gillock, Parkside Hotel, \$2214.58.

Marion E. Glover, care of Union Trade Co., 15th and H sts. nw., \$4523.42.

Lawrence Goldberg, 1/4 Giant Liquor Store, 3506 Georgia ave. nw., \$1538.89 (distilled spirits).

Aaron Goldman, 6678 32d st. nw., \$2277.64.

Marcus I. Goldman, 707 20th st. nw., \$1418.25.

Thomas L. Good, 4833 Rockwood pkwy. nw., \$7824.17.

James B. Graham, 4105-49th st. nw., \$2565.45.

Graham Remedy Co., 77 P st. ne., \$11,949.60 (distilled spirits).

C. C. Graninger, 7534 Marlboro pike se., \$1109.26.

John S. Gratsias, 1832 14th st. nw., \$1861.81.

Morris Greenspon, 106 Walnut st. nw., \$1209.94.

Estate of Ward Wilson Griffith, National

Labor Front 'Static' Here

Washington's labor front remained static yesterday, with one dispute in the "immediate threat" strike stage and several others the subject of delayed negotiations.

The situation:

1. Members of the Cafeteria Workers Local 471 (CIO) "have strike plans in final form" against O'Donnell's Restaurant, 1221 E. St. N.W., according to union spokesmen.
2. A scheduled meeting between telephone company officials and representatives of the Washington Telephone Traffic Union was postponed yesterday and no date set for new talks.
3. The Washington Federation of Telephone Workers is scheduled to resume negotiations with company officials at 9:15 a. m. today.
4. Construction union workers are scheduled to meet with representatives of the Master Builders Association on wage problems today.
5. Officials of the Laborers District Council will meet with Federal Conciliation Commissioner James Holden and officials of the Master Builders Association in the Labor Department at 3 p. m. tomorrow.

B. T. BABBITT, INC.

The Board of Directors of B. T. Babbitt, Inc. has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 30c per share on the Common Stock of the Company, payable on April 1, 1947 to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 10, 1947.

JOHN E. SAMMONS, Treasurer.

February 28, 1947

Penalty Fits Crime

Allentown, Pa. (AP)—Dominic Infanti, 27, stole a half-dollar from a March of Dimes' donation box but later "contributed" \$10 to the fund by order of Magistrate Robert R. Williams. Infanti's punishment included a separate \$25 fine.

NAPOLEON AND UNCLE HENRY



Heir to Havana Land Grant Asks U. S. Get Him 35 Million

New Orleans, March 4 (AP)—Ir. returned to Cuba to claim the property but was unsuccessful. He said that all recourse in Cuban courts had been used without success.

The lands to which Carbalan is laying claim are some of the most highly valued property in Cuba. A strip borders the old city and another strip stretches along the Havana waterfront.

Practitioners' Record

Littleton, N. H. (AP)—Two New Hampshire country doctors have been practicing a total of 104 years. They are Dr. John M. Page, 75, of Littleton, with 54 years' practice, and Dr. Hiram L. Johnson, 75, of Franconia, with 50 years.

U. S. Sub's Boomerang Death in Battle Revealed by Navy

New York, March 4 (AP)—How one of its own torpedoes boomeranged and blew up the American submarine Tang was told today by Vice Admiral Charles A. Lockwood, Inspector General for the Navy Department.

Only nine of the crew survived.

Gromyko Gives Views Today On Atom Rule

Lake Success, N. Y., March 4 (AP)—Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet delegate, will make an important declaration on atomic energy control to the United Nations Security Council tomorrow, Russian sources said today.

The council is scheduled to meet at 3 p. m. to continue debate on a United States proposal that the atomic question be sent back to the U. N. Atomic Energy Commission for an effort to settle differences between Russia and the United States and write an atomic pact.

The United States and Russia differ chiefly on a control authority and on application of the veto on atomic matters.

Informed quarters said that plans for an economic commission for Asia and the Orient would be laid before the Economic and Social Council in the next few days.

Richmond Markets

Richmond, Va., March 4 (AP) (USDA)—(Prices represent sales on wholesale market.)

WHEAT—Receipts: 100,000 bushels; market: U. S. No. 1, 2.15; U. S. No. 2, 2.10; U. S. No. 3, 2.05; U. S. No. 4, 2.00; U. S. No. 5, 1.95; U. S. No. 6, 1.90; U. S. No. 7, 1.85; U. S. No. 8, 1.80; U. S. No. 9, 1.75; U. S. No. 10, 1.70; U. S. No. 11, 1.65; U. S. No. 12, 1.60; U. S. No. 13, 1.55; U. S. No. 14, 1.50; U. S. No. 15, 1.45; U. S. No. 16, 1.40; U. S. No. 17, 1.35; U. S. No. 18, 1.30; U. S. No. 19, 1.25; U. S. No. 20, 1.20; U. S. No. 21, 1.15; U. S. No. 22, 1.10; U. S. No. 23, 1.05; U. S. No. 24, 1.00; U. S. No. 25, 0.95; U. S. No. 26, 0.90; U. S. No. 27, 0.85; U. S. No. 28, 0.80; U. S. No. 29, 0.75; U. S. No. 30, 0.70; U. S. No. 31, 0.65; U. S. No. 32, 0.60; U. S. No. 33, 0.55; U. S. No. 34, 0.50; U. S. No. 35, 0.45; U. S. No. 36, 0.40; U. S. No. 37, 0.35; U. S. No. 38, 0.30; U. S. No. 39, 0.25; U. S. No. 40, 0.20; U. S. No. 41, 0.15; U. S. No. 42, 0.10; U. S. No. 43, 0.05; U. S. No. 44, 0.00; U. S. No. 45, 0.00; U. S. No. 46, 0.00; U. S. No. 47, 0.00; U. S. No. 48, 0.00; U. S. 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Californian Charged With Drunken Flying

Palm Springs, Calif., March 4.—Jacob W. Smouse, 34, Costa Mesa, Calif., was held on a drunken flying charge today after he allegedly menaced a West Air Lines transport attempting to take off from the airport here, while he flew a rented two-place plane.

A sobriety test determined that Smouse was intoxicated, police said. The State aviation code carries a maximum penalty of one to five years in prison for a drunken flying conviction.

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Nectarized PRUNES
PRE-COOKED IN THEIR OWN JUICE

PEGGY PRUNE
says...

Get 7 low-cost servings per can! Enjoy the finest prunes you ever tasted.



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...Over the Atlantic and Across the World

Victim's Kin Menace Suspect in Sex Slaying

Malden, Mass., March 4 (AP).—Police protection from infuriated relatives and friends of his alleged victim was necessary today for Robert L. Coombes, 17, as he came shackled from the courtroom in which he had just pleaded in-
nocent to the bestial slaying of murdered the little girl in a rape
11-year-old Jacqueline Maxwell, attempt. His distracted mother
Women fought to scratch or turned him in to the police. She
strike Coombes, and others spat and his father had opposed their
at him. An aunt of the victim was son's recent release from a re-
injured in the crush.
Screams and shouts of "You The parents bitterly criticized
killed her, you beast," and, "Let the boy's release from Shirley
me at him," were raised.
School less than three weeks ago.
Coombes, with a previous record but said that although they tried,
of sex offenses, had just been held they were unable to prevent this
without bail on a charge that he acted by the authorities.

Flawless, 15-Year Driving Records Win Police Praise

Fifteen years of flawless driving earned a portable radio apiece for 13 Continental Bakery route drivers at a banquet given in their honor at the Mayflower Hotel Monday night by James B. Luttes, regional manager.

Police Inspector Arthur E. Miller, in charge of traffic, praised the men for their safety records. Drivers honored were Innis G. Hart, R. P. Embrey, R. A. Peed, W. E. Schrider, S. J. Sheehy, J. P. Thomas, W. A. Connelley, Otto Arnie, E. G. James, Wonder Bread, Washington; F. W. Latschaw, J. E. Lemon, Norristown, Pa., and J. J. Hines and G. E. Morris, Wheeling, W. Va.

'Reaper' Will Probated

Chicago, March 4 (AP).—The will of Stanley McCormick, son of Cyrus McCormick, the inventor of the reaper, was admitted to probate today by Probate Judge William F. Waugh. His entire estate, estimated at 25 million dollars, was left to his widow, Katherine Dexter McCormick of Santa Barbara, Calif.

In 1880, only 14,000 people lived in the District of Columbia.

Atlantic City, N. J.

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Trillon
ANY 2 NIGHTS
TWO PERSONS
Room with Bath
Includes Continental
Breakfast
\$15.00
\$10.00
\$5.00
\$2.50
\$1.25
\$0.62
\$0.31
\$0.15
\$0.07
\$0.03
\$0.01
\$0.00

GULF STREAM HOTEL
LAKE WORTH, FLORIDA
Can still accept reservations for arrival
After March 20th, 1947
Write for information and literature

FAMILY MESSAGE NUMBER 13

Clear-headed buyers are switching to Calvert because Calvert Whiskey is mellow.

Calvert Reserve BLENDED WHISKEY—44 & Proof—45% Grain Neutral Spirit
Calvert Distillers Corporation, New York City

Support the Red Cross

To the Members of the U. S. Senate:

Which Comes First— A SOUND ATOMIC POLICY OR THE LILIENTHAL ISSUE?

Shall we lay the basis for a fool-proof atomic policy in place of the already obsolete Baruch Plan and adjourn the Lilienthal confirmation hearings pending an exhaustive inquiry by the Joint Congressional Atomic Energy Committee into the atomic propaganda-espionage web?

From PLAIN TALK for March

THE PLAIN TRUTH is that what is at stake in the great controversy over the appointment of David E. Lilienthal to direct the omnipotent Atomic Energy Commission is our national and international atomic policy, an issue which far transcends the question of Mr. Lilienthal's administrative ability and political integrity.

The man in the street wants, above all, to make sure that the custody of the atom, involving his very life and that of the nation, should be covered by a policy insuring complete safety without being subject to possible amendments on the part of the custodian.

The origin of the Acheson-Lilienthal plan to set up a world atomic development corporation has not been unveiled to public scrutiny.

The propaganda machinery which caught many of our scientists in its coils and which was responsible for having a group of them go to Soviet Russia last summer as guests of the Soviet Government has not been probed in full view of the nation.

And the legitimate spotlight of Congressional inquiry has not been focussed upon the forces responsible for the appointment of Mr. Lilienthal and his colleagues in the political turmoil of the last days preceding the national elections of November 5, 1946.

United Nations, and up to the present agitation. The Senate should have this information in all its completeness before voting on the confirmation of Mr. Lilienthal and his associates.

The argument that each day's delay in confirming Mr. Lilienthal prejudices our atomic energy program simply will not hold water.

Since Mr. Lilienthal has himself pointed out that the initial preponderance of the Atomic Energy Commission's work will be in the field of military application, it is difficult to see why Mr. Lilienthal's immediate confirmation is a matter where time is of the essence.

Major General Thomas F. Farrell, in whom Mr. Lilienthal has unreserved confidence, could be given a temporary appointment by him as general manager of the Atomic Energy Commission.

THE PARAMOUNT NEED is for a sober atomic policy integrated into a well-conceived global foreign policy. Mr. Lilienthal himself has stated that he has changed his mind on certain vital points since his original report was formulated a year ago. The Joint Congressional Committee might well put to him this question:

If this were 1938, with Hitler instead of Stalin in the role of aggressor, would you still propose the setting-up of an international atomic development authority under your original plan which provides that when it is "in full operation there will no longer be secrets about atomic energy?"

PLAIN TALK, a news-letter in magazine form, is a subscription monthly. It is read by people in the know—by opinion-makers and policy-makers—a MUST for the informed reader, and . . .

EVERY ISSUE A SCOOP!

OCT. THE STATE DEPARTMENT ESPIONAGE CASE, by E. S. Larsen, one of the six defendants—this first inside story of a case which shook wartime Washington and is still making news from coast to coast.

NOV. STALIN'S HAND IN THE PANAMA CANAL, by Ralph de Toledano—subversive threat to the jugular vein of American security—a story which rocked the Canal Zone and alerted our national defense staffs.

DEC. STALIN'S ROGUES' GALLERY, by George Creel, President Wilson's Information Chief—takes the lid off the Moscow-trained rulers of Europe and publishes the dossiers of its puppets.

JAN. ON THE ISLAND OF BERLIN, by Louis Fischer, an internationally known correspondent—gives the lowdown on the conflict over Germany between the Western Allies and the Kremlin facing the coming Moscow Conference.

FEB. CONSPIRACY OR BLUNDER? OUR ATOMIC UNRRA, by Isaac Don Levine, Editor—the story which slowed down the Acheson-Lilienthal express, in the words of the New Bedford Standard-Times, representing widespread editorial comment, this article pointed out for the first time "that Mr. Lilienthal is the author of a plan under which the United States not only would share its atomic energy secrets with other countries, but would develop and install atomic power plants for civilian use throughout the world, including Russia . . . without . . . adequate and enforceable safeguards."

NOW RED MOUTHPIECE, by Eugene Lyons, noted author and journalist—presents the facts about "In Fact." Here for the first time it is revealed, in a documented 7,000-word story, how a so-called liberal publication attempts to regiment thinking Americans into the official Communist Party line.

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Pennies that teach one of *LIFE'S BEST LESSONS*

Children who are taught why and how to save are more likely to have a secure, happy life, says this well-known authority

"Many parents give their children everything they think they need—except the valuable lesson of saving," says Mrs. Sidonie Matsner Gruenberg, Director of the Child Study Association of America.

"Saving is something that can be taught. Any child can learn to save. But first he must learn what it is to spend.

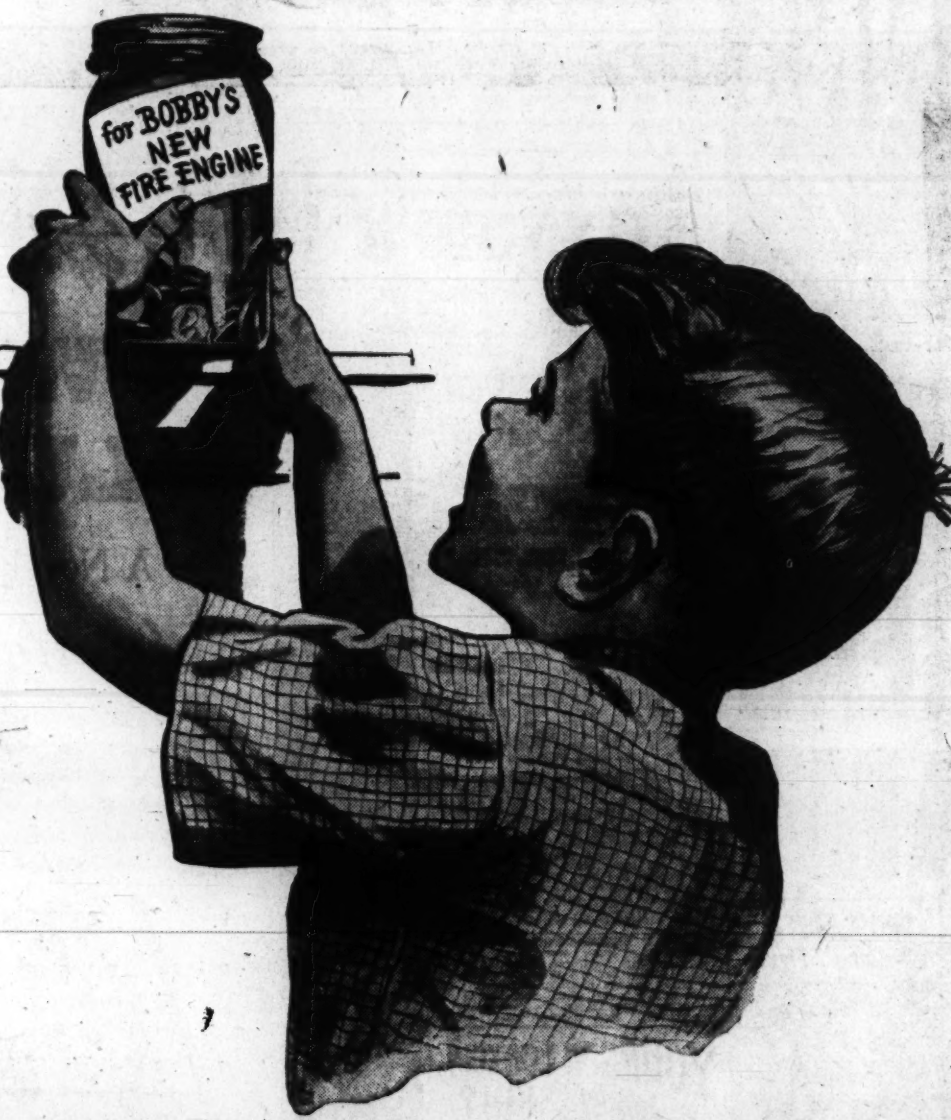
"Give a young child a few pennies' allowance to spend, and sooner or later he will find that he wants to buy something that costs more pennies than he has. That is the time to explain the 'why' and 'how' of saving. Saving in the beginning should always be for some definite thing. Something the child really desires.

The only way he will learn

"If he slips up and spends his pennies for something else, let him. Urge him to begin again and save up for the thing he wants. That's the only way he will ever learn.

"When he is mentally and emotionally ready—say around ten years old, after he has had the satisfaction of saving for something small—he can begin to think about saving nickels, dimes and quarters for bigger things. And before he reaches his 'teens, he should have a savings account.

"By this time he understands the reasons for saving and is beginning to know how to manage money. He can then take part in family-money discussions and planning, which will help him to acquire from his



parents a proper sense of values. This gives him a sense of responsibility and self-confidence which later will be invaluable to him.

"So he arrives at manhood equipped with the qualities of thrift, foresight and self-control, ready and eager to tackle the more

complex problems of home and business.

"Such a child is fortunate indeed. In the race of life, he is off to a good start."

Watch for Family Message No. 14 in this newspaper, about two weeks from now.

HOW TO PLAN FOR FAMILY HAPPINESS

Regardless of the size of income, any family can have more happiness and fewer worries by planning the use of the family money.

First: provide in advance for payments coming due, such as rent, taxes, mortgage charges, life insurance and other insurance. The easiest way is to bank small amounts each payday that will add up to the totals when due.

Second: set aside something extra each payday in the savings account until you build up an emergency fund.

Then you know what is left to spend on everyday family needs such as food, clothing, recreation—and what you can afford to set aside for such future family plans as a new home, education, travel.

Because the life insurance companies and their agents have long helped people to plan for family security and happiness, they are conducting this program of information as a public service to the 73,000,000 owners of life insurance and to every American family.

This message is sponsored by the

Life Insurance Companies in America

AND THEIR AGENTS

INSTITUTE OF LIFE INSURANCE, 60 East 42nd Street, New York 17, N. Y.

Postal Rate Hike Asked of Congress

**Raises Proposed to Cut Probable Deficit
Of \$287,000,000 in Next Fiscal Year**

The Postoffice Department, seeking to overcome an expected \$287,000,000 deficit, asked Congress yesterday to increase postal rates generally, except for first class letters.

One proposal would double the post of penny post cards, for a yield of 20 million dollars additional revenue.

Other proposals would boost rates on newspapers and other publications, parcel post, money order fees, special delivery service, C.O.D. mail and seeds, bulbs and roots.

The department estimated postal revenue for the next fiscal year beginning July 1, would be \$1,247,410,000 under existing rates compared with operating costs of \$1,534,000,000.

Senate Civil Service Committee, which got the request, voted to hear opposition witnesses in two weeks, although William J. Denning of the National Publishers Association,

declared more time would be needed to prepare arguments.

Parcel post increases would be from 8 cents for the first pound and 1 cent for each additional 2 pounds to 12 cents for the first pound and 1 cent for each additional 2 pounds to 10. These rates would apply to shorter shipments. Increases also were proposed for longer shipments.

Special delivery rates would be increased from the present scale of 13 to 35 cents to 20 to 45 cents.

Mercury Rise Due in D. C.; East Hit Hard

Warmest weather in nearly three weeks was recorded here yesterday, the mercury hitting 42 at 3 p. m.

The last time District thermometers registered 42 was February 19, before the 8.2-inch snow.

A 45-degree high was expected today after a low of 28 predicted for the morning. Yesterday's low was 25 at 6:25 p. m.

The Washington weather stood in contrast to that in Pennsylvania, New York and the Hagerstown section of Maryland where snows were isolating entire towns and blocking traffic.

At Carrolltown, Pa., snow was so deep that highway maintenance workers said then could "use telephone poles for hat racks."

At Syracuse, Rochester and Buffalo, drifts halted bus and plane service and three trains hours off schedule. At Syracuse, a 22-inch snowfall had been recorded since Saturday atop 6 inches already on the ground.

Near Hagerstown, Md., a Pennsylvania passenger train from Harrisburg stalled in a 15-foot drift and 40 passengers had to be taken into Hagerstown on a relief train.

New England also suffered from new snows, and 80 skiers were marooned for the third day in an inn atop Mount Chittenden in Vermont.

Associated Press said seven deaths in New York and New England had been attributed as of last night to the storms which set in last weekend.

Although clouds may obscure today's sun here for a large part of the day, the District weatherman forecast no immediate snow or rain in the offing. He expected temperatures to remain fairly mild for several days.

Hopes Dimmed For Williams' Ex-GI Clients

The hope of salvaging something out of the real estate operations of George H. Williams for some 200 veteran-creditors seemed dim yesterday as Samuel M. Greenbaum, trustee in the home builder's bankruptcy case, outlined the situation.

Williams, declared insolvent personally, as a real estate company and as a corporation building homes for veterans, had obtained deposits of \$500 to \$1000 from each of the veterans who had contracted to buy homes in his three projects in Prince Georges County, Md.

Four Washington builders contacted by the trustee were sympathetic but uninterested in the possibility of completing the 27 partly built homes in the Gwynn Park project near TB, Md., Greenbaum told reporters yesterday.

These 27 structures are the only ones on which work had been started out of the 70 in that tract for which veterans had put up \$500 apiece.

The bankruptcy trustee, who was elected by Williams' creditors, said yesterday the build-up was discouraged by a \$53,900 mortgage on the Gwynn Park property held by the T. B. O'Toole Co. of Wilmington, Del., and another lien of \$18,487.75 claimed by building tradesmen who worked on the houses.

Austin Canfield, attorney for the O'Toole Co., told The Post yesterday his clients could have foreclosed their mortgage on the Gwynn Park property before this, but that they are holding off until the end of this month "to try to help these veterans' bail out."

He has told Greenbaum that if a builder is found who will agree to a plan to complete the 27 veterans' homes, and if the plan is approved by the court as satisfactory to the mortgage holder's interests, the O'Toole Co. would cooperate in the plan. Construction of the balance of the 70 houses planned by Williams was not considered, Canfield said.

Greenbaum said that even if he found a builder who would complete the houses, the builder would require him to handle all funds and records, for which, he said, his office was not equipped. He would virtually have to go into the building business himself, he asserted.



Wise Cracks

Kesselring Thinks Massacre Of Italians 'Fairer Method'

Venice, Italy, March 4 (AP).—Field Marshal Albert Kesselring declared at his war crimes trial today that the 10-for-one massacre of Italians in the Ardennes caves was "the fairest" method of exacting retribution for the slaying of 33 German soldiers by Rome partisans.

He said he did not burn that part of Rome where the attack occurred, because he did not want a place in history beside Nero.

"Shooting of 300 or more criminals—as I was convinced they were—was the fairest solution in the eyes of history, morality and humanity," he said.

Loot in Luzon
Manila, March 4 (AP).—A treasure hunt—impeded by land mines—was under way today in the north Luzon mountain town of Cervantes, where the Japanese Tura division made its last stand in April, 1945.

"Prospectors" started digging for Japanese loot after word spread that a can unearthed by an Igorot yielded \$25,000 in gold bullion and that another had \$50,000 in Philippine currency.

One Igorot treasure hunter picked up an old Japanese land mine, which exploded and killed him.

Queen 'in Pink'
London, March 4 (AP).—Britain's Queen Mother Mary, who will be 80 years old May 26, strode through a 12½-acre home exhibition today at a pace that left correspondents 50 years her junior out of breath.

Queen Mary recently suffered a minor cold, but she allayed fears for her health by bustling about, her black-pointed shoes clicking off mile after mile. The correspondents trotted to keep up.

Dog Raises Woof
London, March 4 (AP).—The barkless Basenji breed of non-yapping dog has shattered a 6000-year-old tradition. One of them woofed.

The sound was clearly heard at the British Basenji Club's annual show Saturday and stirred

up a hot argument. The big question was: Did the dog bark or just woof?

London newspapers said it was a bark, definitely. Miss Veronica Tudor Williams, secretary of the club, took issue.

"It was a most unfortunate sound," she said, "but it was hardly a bark. It was sort of a woofing noise. I've never heard anything like it before."

Most Basenjis—they're a fox-terrier-sized dog with a red coat—yodel. That is, a Kennel Club spokesman insists, they just open their mouths "and a noise is emitted" that sounds like an Alpine singer. But they never bark—or, woof. That is, up to now.

Jail Leaks Drunks, Editor Complains
Cass Lake, Minn. (AP).—The city jail "is getting to be a first class joke," the Cass Lake Times asserted in an editorial.

The paper pointed out that one week recently three men tunneled out of the building and then someone tunneled into the jail and retrieved a woman charged with drunkenness.

'Drunk' Court Here Lauded By Legislators

Representative A. L. Miller (R., Nebr.) said yesterday an inspection of Washington's "drunk" court had impressed him both with its cleanliness and with the manner intoxication cases were handled.

Miller is chairman of the House District Health Subcommittee, now studying the bill of Representative F. Edward Hebert (D., La.) to set up a special clinic in the District where chronic alcoholics would be treated as sick people, under court orders.

Miller, Hebert and two other subcommittee members, Representatives Harold F. Youngblood (R., Mich.) and Charles B. Deane (D., N. C.), went to the District Branch of the Criminal Division Municipal Court, at the invitation of Judge John P. McMahon, who had testified to the subcommittee last week.

The group heard Judge McMahon handle several cases. His heaviest sentence while the subcommittee was there was a \$10 fine.

He told one young man, after hearing testimony from him and a police officer, "You've been locked up all night, that's enough punishment. I'll take your personal bond not to do it again, and let you go."

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THE WASHINGTON POST
Wednesday, March 5, 1947

**At the better parties
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 - ☐ Cuff him, "So this is Romeo!"
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2. WHEN YOUR FATHER-IN-LAW GIVES YOU A WEARY EARFUL OF HIS POLITICS—DO YOU:
 - ☐ Tell him times have changed since he voted for Bryan.
 - ☐ Tell him he'd make a great Senator.
3. WHEN THE ARGUMENT RUNS HIGH AND WARM ON THE "LONG COUNT" AT CHICAGO—DO YOU:
 - ☐ Tell them they're both crazy—and prove it.
 - ☐ Say, "It was a great fight, anyway!"—and bring out the Diplomat. Light as laughter, smooth as a smile, mellow as memory, Diplomat is just about as gracious a whisky as you can serve. If you do—you're a Diplomat.

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Wednesday, March 5, 1947

Home Rule Bill

Some of the changes ordered in Senator McCarran's home-rule bill for the District are on the constructive side. An appropriation of \$15,000 for the proposed charter commission is considerably better than \$10,000, but, with the elimination of voluntary contributions, we doubt that this will be enough to hire adequate expert assistance. Improvement could also be made in the membership of the charter commission, as the Senate subcommittee suggests. The McCarran bill names seven able and fairly representative Washington citizens. But, aside from the bad practice of naming individuals in the legislation itself, it makes no allowance whatever for reflection of the President's interest in the matter. That seems particularly short-sighted because President Truman has taken a forthright stand in favor of restoring local government to the District. There would be danger that a charter written by such a commission might meet with majority approval in Congress only to be vetoed for want of regard for the viewpoint of the executive branch. That risk would be greatly minimized by permitting the President to name at least part of the charter commission members.

We doubt, however, that the broader grant of power suggested for the charter commission will give it any particular advantage. Senator McCarran would have restricted the commission to preparing a charter with an elected council and city manager. The subcommittee thinks the commission should be unrestricted in its choice of the form of local government. That additional leeway would be of little significance so far as the commission is concerned, and it would probably make the proposed charter more vulnerable to attack in Congress. In our opinion there would be a considerable advantage in having Congress approve in advance the general form that the local government should take, so as to minimize opposition to the finished charter. But the important thing is to whip the charter commission bill into satisfactory shape and get it passed so that the long-delayed task of restoring responsible government to this disfranchised city may get under way.

The Captive

It was a strange and eerie story that turned up the other day in the news from Los Angeles—like something out of a Gothic novel. Two elderly and well-to-do residents of the Coronado District, a man and his wife, were arrested on the astonishing charge of keeping a slave and thereby violating the thirteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States.

The slave, who, according to Federal authorities, had been held in captivity for nearly 30 years, is a Negro woman, now middle-aged, but when the story began she was a girl of 14 in the backwoods of Alabama. There, the story goes, she had attended a missionary school taught by a young lady from Boston, evidently of the Brahmin caste. When the teacher was married and came to live here in Washington the girl accompanied her and seems then to have occupied in the household a status which was partly that of servant, partly that of companion and protégée.

Then an incident occurred, the nature of which is not altogether clear, for the current newspaper accounts refer merely to an "indiscretion." At any rate, it somehow involved the girl. Presently, the lady and her husband were divorced, and at this point the girl's long life in slavery began. It is said that the mistress exerted her power by means of threats which, while doubtless empty enough in themselves, were enough to awe the friendless and ignorant girl into abject submission.

She was paid, according to the story, nothing for her labors, was never permitted out of her mistress's sight, was allowed no visitors, was forbidden even to attend a church. Her mistress remarried, but it made no difference in the lot of the maid, except perhaps to increase her drudgeries. The family lived for a time in Lynn, Mass., and later in Boston and recently moved to California. And though their manner of living seems to have been comfortable, and even luxurious, that of the maid was as wretched as malice could contrive. There were times when she was denied even a bed and obliged to sleep in bathtubs or on the seats of an automobile. The daughter of the household, as she grew older and more observant, became perturbed, but when she asked her mother for explanations she was told there were special

circumstances that made it right and necessary to use the servant harshly for her own good. One feature of the domestic life were frequent angry tirades by mistress to servant behind closed doors. Once during one of them, when the daughter forced open a door, she said she found the Negroess "crying in a corner with her face all scratched." What we seem to have here is not an instance of racial hatred, nor of ruthless exploitation for gain; but an even more sinister drama of lifelong and insatiable revenge. For an explanation of the motive, we must search in the darkest and most hidden places of our own souls. It is an example of secret and private evil not less horrifying than those great public evils which have become the commonplaces of our time.

Nonintervention

There was a certain lack of up-to-dateness in the Truman speech at Mexico City. The President threw the main emphasis of his speech upon nonintervention in the affairs of the American republics. "The whole-hearted acceptance of this doctrine," he said, "is the keystone of the inter-American system." To be sure, the President went on to say that—

Nonintervention does not and cannot mean indifference to what goes on beyond our own borders. Events in one country may have a profound effect in other countries. The community of nations feels concern at the violation of accepted principles of national behavior by any one of its members. The lawlessness of one nation may threaten the very existence of the law upon which all nations depend.

But the qualification would escape most listeners and readers in the light of the nonintervention text of the Presidential remarks.

The fact is that the key word in the relations among the American republics has changed from nonintervention to security. A system of mutual security has been in course of development at successive Pan American conferences. It came to a head at the 1945 conference in Mexico City. The President made passing reference to this conference, but without speaking of its main accomplishment. This was the Act of Chapultepec, which officially closed the chapter of Latin-American fears of intervention by the United States in a demonstration of faith. Under this instrument the conferees (already protected from without by the Monroe Doctrine) solemnly agreed that any aggression by one American republic upon another would constitute aggression upon all. The Act of Chapultepec put teeth into the inter-American system by providing a policeman in this hemisphere to keep the peace.

In other words, the principle of nonintervention was changed into a right of intervention. To be sure, the right was limited. It was to be applied only against aggressor republics, but, even so, it was a great step in advance of the chaotic situation prevailing before the Mexico City conference. Sometime later, Uruguay suggested that the right of intervention should be exercised in cases of the "nonfulfillment of obligations freely contracted by a state with respect to its external and internal duties." Such a broadening of the Chapultepec doctrine got the backing of Secretary Byrnes, though there were few other supporters. If the President felt he was thereby precluded from saying anything about this, at least he should have reiterated the significance of the Act of Chapultepec. The omission was like talking about world cooperation without mentioning the United Nations.

Teachers And Public

The partial breakdown of the Nation's public school system has had one salutary consequence. It appears to have jolted the American people into an awareness that the scale of teachers' salaries is inadequate and that something constructive must be done about it—even if that something entails tapping the public pocket. It is lamentable that the awareness had to be fostered by a series of teachers' strikes against local governmental bodies. These were acts of desperation, entered into by most of the participating teachers, no doubt, with extreme reluctance. They were costly to the teachers and to their communities.

About a week ago, Dr. George Gallup reported the results of a Nation-wide survey in which he asked the question, "Do you think that school teachers' pay in your community is too high, too low, or about right?" Sixty-four per cent said "too low" as compared with 44 per cent when the same question was asked in September, 1946. Moreover, four out of five of those who thought teachers' pay too low said they would be willing to pay higher taxes in order to improve this pay. The sentiment appears, therefore, to be something more than mere lip-service benevolence.

We note with a certain pride that here in the District of Columbia the percentage of those wishing to raise teachers' pay rates is appreciably higher than in the country as a whole. The Post poll asked District residents the other day: "It has been proposed that the lowest salary for school teachers be raised from \$2350 a year to \$2600 a year. Do you think school teachers should get a raise?" This puts the proposition in specific terms, and the affirmative response of 89 per cent of those interviewed is therefore the more heartening. A similar question posed to nearby Marylanders, where the salary schedule is lower than in the District, elicited affirmative answers from no less than 93 per cent.

With this sort of public opinion, the now desperate plight of the teachers ought to be relieved. But something more than a stop-gap handout to meet increased living costs is necessary to cure the dangerous condition which is draining the schools of their ablest personnel. There needs to be a general pub-

lic revaluation of the teachers' indispensable place in our society and a lifting of salaries to a level that will give the teaching profession something more than psychic compensation. The condition has been neglected for so long that only a radical reform will right it. And for this a major program of Federal aid will be needed to supplement State and local efforts.

End Of The Draft

President Truman's recommendation that Selective Service be allowed to die as of March 31 was a concession to pressure from those who insist that the war is over. In view of the hostile reception which the draft extension received at the hands of Congress, this decision probably was practical politics. At the same time it holds grave dangers. Perhaps the primary one is that it may bring about a belief that our military commitments may now be wound up. A more damaging reaction can hardly be imagined. For some years to come we shall have need for substantial military forces in Europe and Asia pending peace and to implement the peace treaties.

Viewed in this light, the President's action, however compelling the reasons for it, is a gamble. We are gambling that the voluntary recruiting rate can be maintained at a sufficiently high level to meet commitments in full without the pressure of potential induction which so far has proved necessary. The advantages of an all-volunteer Army and Navy are obvious. It would be infinitely preferable, for instance, to have for occupation troops mature men who had deliberately chosen the job instead of the 18- and 19-year-olds now growing restive away from home. Yet the enlistment figures on which the cessation of Selective Service is based are not overly encouraging. To maintain the irreducible minimums of 1,070,000 and 571,000 for the Army and Navy, respectively, during the next fiscal year average of 30,000 replacements a month will be needed. In January, usually the best recruiting month, there were 35,000 voluntary enlistments; but in the first two weeks of February the figure was only 13,000. Thus we are skirting a thin line in relying on recruiting alone, at least by present standards. To our mind it would have been desirable to have maintained the draft law on the books as a recruiting inducement.

Nevertheless, the action has been taken, and now our efforts must be pointed at insuring that we do not rue it. The importance of not rendering our occupation forces impotent cannot be overemphasized. If we are not to weaken our hand irreparably, we dare not give other countries the impression that the end of the draft is a signal for quitting our responsibilities. This puts a peculiar onus on Congress in the matter of the military budget. If we no longer have the safeguard of the draft, then the armed forces must have enough funds to conduct and publicize their recruiting campaign. Congress is not showing any disposition to allow the Army and Navy to make such provision.

Mercy For Conscience

The release of a number of conscientious objectors from prison just before Christmas was a generous presidential gesture, but it did not materially ease the plight of the several thousand conscience cases already out on parole after serving prison terms. Only a handful of genuine conscientious objectors remain in prison. But all those sentenced to prison during the war as a result of religious scruples against military service remain guilty of a Federal felony and consequently, in most States of the Union, continue to suffer a curtailment of their civil rights. They must report at regular intervals to parole officers, are restricted in their movements, in many cases are forbidden to enter the professions and in some instances are even disfranchised.

It seems to us that no useful purpose is served by the continued punishment of these men and we hope, therefore, that the President's Amnesty Board, headed by former Supreme Court Justice Owen J. Roberts, will recommend a general pardon so far as conscientious violations of the Selective Service Law are concerned. Some 13,000 individuals were sent to prison in the course of the war for Selective Service Law violations of all kinds—a fairly small number when one considers that 20 million Americans were processed by Selective Service. About 6000 of the 13,000 were persons whose defiance of the law stemmed from considerations of conscience of one sort or another; the bulk of them were Jehovah's Witnesses claiming immunity from military service as ministers of the Gospel. There was reason for the imprisonment of these men at a time when their fellow citizens were risking their lives in the Nation's defense. But they are not criminals in an ordinary sense. They are not subject to reform. They are not now menaces to society. We can afford to let mercy temper justice in dealing with them.

MINOR KEY

From my tall window
I cannot see
In the slant of darkness
Full shape of tree
Or hear bow your step
Becomes half sound
Withheld from me
And the darkened ground.
And what of sound
I do not hear
Unites with the evening
And grows more clear.
And what of shape
I do not see
Forms its image
Complete in tree.
And so more perfect
The darkening tree
More beautiful is
Half sound to me.
Something divided
Can always find
Exquisite completeness
In the mind.
A. E. HAMMOND.



Letters To The Editor

"Blind Promotion"

I was interested in Mr. Charles Coulter's letter of February 25 on your "Blind Promotion editorial." Mr. Coulter suggested that Congress might well confirm for promotion to the grade of colonel all of those whose names appeared ahead of Col. James Kilian, then disregard the name of Kilian or fail to act on it, then proceed to the names below that of Kilian for their confirmation for promotion. The author of the letter advises that the name of Kilian was 197 on the list and was preceded by that of Col. Ross O. Baldwin. As a matter of fact, some 40, including Baldwin, have already retired with the rank of colonel (without having obtained their permanent promotion) and Kilian would therefore be about 157 on the list. The facts are that Kilian, according to the law, can now retire with the pay and rank of a colonel, retired. There is little chance that he will be demoted to his permanent grade of lieutenant colonel. Even if he were so demoted, Kilian would still draw the pay and allowance of a colonel, since the law provides that a lieutenant colonel with over 30 years' service (and Kilian has such service) is entitled to the pay and allowance of a colonel. Retired or active, a colonel he is and a colonel he will remain. The net result of this agitation is to prevent some 700 other lieutenant colonels from obtaining the promotion to which they are entitled by law.

The War Department has prepared a bill providing for promotion by selection. This bill is being discussed with members of Congress in order to obtain their prior approval. Its contents have not been revealed to the thousands of officers in the Army who will be affected. Promotion by selection is being advocated by those who will be helped—the demoted generals and the officers who are on duty with high headquarters who will be certain of good reports. Officers who are remote from the seniors who rate them—those on duty with National Guard, Reserve, ROTC, etc.—cannot be certain of good reports from seniors who seldom if ever see them.

If all officers in the Army performed the same type of duty there might be some justification for promotion by selection. Since they do not and since many fight shy of such details as are mentioned above, it will not work in our Army in peacetime. The man who is outspoken or who shows initiative beyond that of a dull senior is doomed. Isn't it just more than possible that all of this fuss about Kilian—one man in 700 whose promotions are at stake—is a ruse to becloud the issue and bring about a new system of promotion which has not been announced publicly and is carefully being kept under cover? C. O. KATES, Flushing, N. Y.

Stateless Children

In your March 2 editorial, "United Jewish Appeal," you cite the number 1,500,000 and describe these people as "uprooted, stateless." As secretary of an organization working entirely on behalf of stateless children, may I draw your attention to the recent speech of the Hon. J. J. Javits of New York, which was quoted by Drew Pearson in his column on February 28. Mr. Javits speaks of one million, not one and a half million, refugees and displaced persons and says that four fifths of that number are Poles, White Russians and Ukrainians and that 75 per cent of displaced persons are Christians. In the United States Army report of June 17, 1946, the Jews (75,814) are listed separately from the stateless (30,690). Presumably, then, the stateless are Christian.

Further, you describe the European Jews as "the most tragic victims of the Nazi plague." I am afraid that you have overlooked the pitiful case of the thousands of "nonrepatriable, orphaned, unaccompanied children," as USFET describes them, who were found by the liberating armies, abandoned in the concentration camps. These orphans cannot establish their original country of birth and so are not eligible for admittance into this country under existing quota. World Jewry has never once forgotten the suffering Jews of Europe. Are we Christians remembering adequately the desolate orphans of our brothers in the faith? VERA STUART-ALEXANDER, Secretary, Stateless Children's Sanctuary, Inc., Washington.

Relations With Russia

The statement concerning American-Soviet relations issued February 13 by a committee of 16 leaders of Christian churches and organizations under the sponsorship of the American-Russian Institute is disconcerting and alarming. Whatever the nature of this institute may prove to be, such a statement seems better calculated to serve the ends of Russian Communists than the purposes of the United States and of the United Nations. This statement is fallacious in reasoning and dangerous in its implications. No one should question the idealism of these religious leaders. One may well question however their knowledge of the actual situation. When they deplore ignorance of American-Soviet relations they disclose a strange ignorance of their own. They should know that there is no possibility of relations, even on a cultural basis, between the peoples of Russia and the United States. They should know that the Russian people are in absolute and abject submission to a terroristic government. They should know that the Russian Communists are rapidly conquering and subverting the peoples of many lands. They should know that our Government, working in harmony with the British government and other nations, has been struggling under terrific difficulties to come to a reasonable understanding with the Soviet Union concerning the foundations of a just and durable peace. Our representatives are entitled to confidence and loyal support.

Britain's Women

I should like to pay tribute to Malvina Lindsay's article in The Post of February 20. After living in London throughout the war, I came to your country in July, 1946. While here, I had the misfortune to become very ill, due, it was said, to what I and thousands of other women have gone through, and was in the hospital for two months.

As I lay in the hospital I thought of the women in England today, facing more hardships than we did in the war, and how many must have fallen sick by the wayside. I would like to blot out my misfortune, and replace it with good fortune, as I only wish more tired British housewives could visit your shores, to have such wonderful kindness, care and friendship shown them as I have.

Yes, Miss Lindsay, their men did say they won the battle of Britain, and they surely will do it again. MRS. C. H. CARPENTER, Washington.

Mr. Hoover's Program For Germany

Mr. Hoover recommends that American taxpayers supplement Germany's food rations, but his findings compare curiously with those of the New York Times Berlin correspondent who reports (February 23) that Germans themselves refuse to share their food with needier compatriots. Farmers in Bavaria (richest region in the American zone) hoard food, declaring they owe the rest of Germany nothing. Josef Baumgartner, Bavarian Minister of Food and Agriculture, publicly exhorts them to make none of the stipulated food deliveries outside Bavaria.

This is precisely what happened after World War I, when German peasants, pitchfork in hand, resisted requisitioning of their grain, milk and livestock for general use; and the pusillanimous Weimar government blamed the Allied blockade for all the "hunger victims"—those same victims who grew into the magnificent physical specimens of Hitler's blitz campaigns. Is Mr. Hoover's political judgment any sounder today than it was in 1918 when after a brief trip to Europe he assured the world that Germany had no intention of waging war? The recently discovered widespread Nazi plot certainly disproves his present contention that German imperialism is dead forever. Planned starvation was part of Germany's demographic preparation for World War III. That is in the record. Are American taxpayers to contribute to this? Let Bavarians, if they will, make up regional deficiencies. But if America again starts building up Germany, western civilization may well cease to survive, because western Europeans will lose faith in us and

Communist Ad

The Department of the District of Columbia, Veterans of Foreign Wars, has passed a resolution disapproving The Post's acceptance of a Communist Party advertisement. The VFW means well, of course, but doesn't it believe in freedom of speech? As a Catholic I bitterly oppose Communism. But I try to channel my opposition along constructive lines. I believe we have to keep our democracy alive, alive and meaningful in order to refute Communism. Let Communism have its say—but go it one better in word, deed and action. There is likely to be far more danger in the limitations of free speech than in free speech itself—however foolish and intemperate the speech may be.

If there were any virtue in repression, the Bourbons would still be on the throne of France, the Romanoffs would still be on the throne of Russia, the Hapsburgs would still rule a Holy Roman Empire and in our own country the Federalist Party would still be a political power.

The Post, in publishing the Communist Party ad, has done more to defeat Communism than the VFW has done by passing its 16th century resolution. JAMES J. O'BRIEN, Washington.

Global Feminism

By Malvina Lindsay

Love Versus Liberty

THE CONTROVERSIAL issues of polygamy, concubinage and masculine overlordship have been handled with feminine finesse by the United Nations Commission on the Status of Women. So have other aspects of women's welfare that are tied up with the laws and religious customs of participating nations.

The commission, as it now begins to carry out the program adopted at its recent meeting, will follow the technique of the housewife who eventually gets a new rug by publicizing the worn spots of the one on the floor. Its first big project is to get returns on its comprehensive questionnaire on the present state of women's rights in all the countries of the United Nations. When this is publicized, these nations—including their women—will know how they stand on this issue before the world.

The commission has no authority to tell any country how to treat its women. But its members well know the indirect power—and nuisance value—of women's organizations in arousing public opinion. Hence it is making liaison in the different countries with organized groups that are concerned with women's rights. It is encouraging formation of such bodies in countries that do not have them. It is granting all such groups consultative status in its activities. Thus the nightmare of old-line American politicians—"a delegation of women waiting outside"—may become global.

THIS WORLD-WIDE spur to feminine advancement comes at a time when theoretically women should be losing bargaining power, owing to the shortage of men. Probably never in the world been so depleted of men by war. About 10 million men, mostly of mating age, were killed in combat in World War II. And in industrial nations the increasing longevity of women is furthering the sex disparity.

This would seem to threaten the strength of monogamy, the protection of which has been listed as one of the future aims of the Commission on the Status of Women. It would also seem to handicap women's efforts to overcome restrictions. For as social historians point out, women's status usually relates to their scarcity. It was not American men's chivalry that gave American women their high position so much as that a surplus of men in a young, pioneer country heightened feminine prestige.

Also, the relative scarcity of husbands helped develop the European woman's deference toward men. In more backward countries this scarcity contributed to polygamy, concubinage, and such evidences of male mastery as women being used as beasts of burden and having their earnings, their children, their destinies under their husbands' control.

HOWEVER, other forces are offsetting men's present advantage. The war opened new activities to women, gave them greater responsibility, importance, self-respect. Many of them learned what it meant to be their own bosses, handle their own money.

In Japan, particularly, women have been largely freed from a slavish mode of life. In more remote places women have learned through war's contacts how other women dress, work, marry, live, care for their children. They have become eager for better food and clothes, more personal liberty.

The way in which women in countries that have hitherto held them back are reaching for education, jobs and the ballot indicates how eager they are to stand on their own feet, and especially to control their own pocketbooks. It is not likely that the best of husbands that must be shared with other women, kowtowed to as masters, even worked for in the fields, will entice them from their new goals.

The Commission on the Status of Women probably realizes that the battle for women's human rights will be largely won if it can get enough women of the world educated, and voting. Hence it is proceeding first toward those goals. Its longer range plans envisage giving to all women in the industrial life to which they are now heading a protection greater than most of them had in the agricultural economy in which they have so long toiled.

Communist Ad

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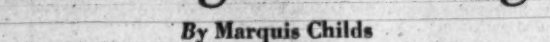
As a Catholic I bitterly oppose Communism. But I try to channel my opposition along constructive lines. I believe we have to keep our democracy alive, alive and meaningful in order to refute Communism. Let Communism have its say—but go it one better in word, deed and action. There is likely to be far more danger in the limitations of free speech than in free speech itself—however foolish and intemperate the speech may be. If there were any virtue in repression, the Bourbons would still be on the throne of France, the Romanoffs would still be on the throne of Russia, the Hapsburgs would still rule a Holy Roman Empire and in our own country the Federalist Party would still be a political power. The Post, in publishing the Communist Party ad, has done more to defeat Communism than the VFW has done by passing its 16th century resolution. JAMES J. O'BRIEN, Washington.

Imposition, Not Consent

WE SEEM to be in danger of making the same mistakes that were made in 1919. If the four major powers are going to impose a settlement upon the German people, is the validity of such a settlement going to be any greater merely because a central German government is now established, and representatives of such a government sign its text? Is it likely that the German people, seething with na-

Entertainment will be furnished by the Navy Band Orchestra and the American Male Chorus, here on a concert tour. Box lunches will be supplied by the Canteen Company of the District of Columbia Chapter, Red Cross, to be paid by volunteer campaigners who attend the luncheon.

Timely Delivery
Crawfordsville, Ind.—The school board ordered raincoats for the schoolboy patrol. The coats arrived just in time to be pressed into service. It was raining when the postman delivered the package.



Executive-Legislative Stalemate

THE CONTROVERSY over the confirmation of David Lillenthal is one example of what the division means. It happens, for a variety of reasons, to be a conspicuous example. No one has raised any serious question about Lillenthal's ability or his efficiency. Ignoring the savage personal animus of aged Senator Kenneth McKellar, you cannot escape the conclusion that the opposition to Lillenthal is almost incalculable. Finally it was too late for the moderate measure that might have checked the decline toward disaster.

Americans today have a clear understanding of the importance of the decisions taken by Government. They are likely to be impatient with the tactics of obstructionism. If the Republicans persist in those tactics, they will throw away the victory that seemed so surely in their grasp last November. While it seems

Vanderbilt Sued
Los Angeles, March 4
Cornelius Vanderbilt, jr.,
grandson of the railroad magnate
was sued for divorce today
by his fourth wife, Maria Peliza V
billy, daughter of a wealthy
cattleman, who charged
cruelty.

The Dilemma Begins

All the Greek women A in Greece might fill four or five times over the three smart Athens night clubs, where the lights are always kept full on to give the ladies an opportunity to inspect the work of each other's dressmakers.

Greek woman B is knitting a sock, using a surprising number of long, thin, steel needles. She wears a sweater and a black

Four Continent Book Corp., 28 Fifth ave., N. Y., called for patents for 1942 and part of 1943. "They did it by having the Amtorg Trading Corp. of 210 Madison ave., New York City, official trading agency of the U. S. S. R. place orders for thousands of patents in every field," he added.

Alsop

the way out of this difficulty, which is by no means confined to Greece? A way out was sketched by Secretary of State George C. Marshall, in his admirable final report on the Chinese situation. Somewhat must be found, for the alternative of inaction is too dangerous even to be considered. Yet it must be admitted that the search for a way out will involve immense changes in the whole American attitude toward world responsibility.

The Federal Diary

HARPER & BROTHERS

Court Asked To Let 1378 Into Palestine

Jerusalem, March 4 (AP).—Attorney David Goldstein pleaded before the Jerusalem high court today for "a judgment of historic importance" in asserting the court had power to rule that 1378 uncertified Jewish immigrants who arrived on a refugee ship off Palestine last week "should be allowed to land in their homeland."

The only violence reported in the Holy Land today was the wounding of three British soldiers in the explosion of a military truck and destruction of a Royal Air Force truck by a road mine in which three Arab RAF employees were injured.

14 Killed in Tripoli Riot

Beirut, Lebanon, March 4 (AP).—Fourteen persons were killed today in a riot which broke out among crowds assembled to welcome Fawzi El Din Kawkil, one-time leader of rebel Palestine Arabs. Two political parties and police were involved.

Palestine Case May Be Given To U. N. Today

Lake Success, N. Y., March 4 (AP).—Authoritative sources said tonight that Britain may toss the Palestine case into the lap of the United Nations tomorrow. This was disclosed as U. N. officials were reported to have taken preliminary steps to expedite an immediate inquiry into the Holy Land problem when, and if, the Big Five powers give the go-ahead. Britain was reported only as giving word from Secretary General Trygve Lie on results of his conference with other members of the Big Five before formally placing the case before the United Nations.

Informed quarters said Arkady Sobolev, assistant secretary-general, already had directed his aides to begin "putting together basic factual material."

This preparation was started immediately after Lie proposed that a fact-finding commission be set up to study the problem and draft recommendations before the General Assembly meets in September.

Secretariat sources said Lie's future action would depend largely on whether the Big Five unanimously accepted his proposal. They said Lie would drop the whole question if any one of the Big Five objected.

Indian Troops Alerted After Punjab Clash

Lahore, March 4 (AP).—Indian army troops in the Punjab were alerted today as continuing violence growing from Hindu and Sikh demonstrations against the Moslem League took the lives of 14 persons and injured 122 here. Hindus and Sikhs clashed with Moslems after police fired on a crowd of Hindu and Sikh students parading in protest against Moslem League demands for an independent Moslem state in India.

A curfew from 8 p. m. to 7 a. m. was ordered. The outbreaks came on the second day of attempts by the Moslem League to form a provincial ministry to replace the resigned coalition government of the Punjab from which the league had been excluded.

Baby 4 Days Old Is 66th Diarrhea Case

A 4-day-old baby was discovered with diarrhea at Gallinger Hospital Sunday, bringing the total of infant diarrhea cases at the hospital to 66 since February 7.

The new case, the first discovered in nearly 80 hours, was revealed yesterday by Dr. Alvin R. Sweeney, hospital superintendent, who said search for the virus believed causing the disease has yielded little success.

Three infant deaths at the hospital have resulted from the disease.

Dr. Sweeney said three infants now are seriously ill with the ailment which, he said, is also affecting scores of adults. No deaths have resulted, however, since last Tuesday, he said.

Hospital records show 132 adult diarrhea patients have been treated in the Gallinger out-patient department since the disease was first reported a month ago. Thirty hospital employees—nurses, orderlies and maids—also have been afflicted, Dr. Sweeney said.

One baby seriously ill last week, he said, is now recovering.

In addition to the newly reported infant case, Dr. Sweeney said three expectant mothers suffering from the disease entered the hospital. They, as well as other cases, were isolated immediately, he said.

Forest Hills Citizens

At their regular monthly meeting at the Ben Murch School last night, the Forest Hills Citizens Association adopted resolutions on three questions now under discussion in Washington.

The association opposed daylight saving time, but favored a bill recently introduced before Congress by Senator J. Howard McGrath (D. R. I.), to allow residents of the District to determine the matter themselves. The citizens group favored an increase for the Capital Transit Company's fare to give a fair return on investment and to insure a highly efficient system of transportation.

The association also voted against a proposed newspaper to be sponsored by the Federation of Citizens Associations in the District.

With Husband D. C. Woman Doing Bit on Polar Voyage

Pretty Edith "Jackie" Ronne, 27, of 2020 F st. n.w., refused to play second fiddle to a batch of pen-

guins. When her husband, Comdr. Finn Ronne, left for the South Pole in charge of his own expedition January 25, Mrs. Ronne surprised everybody and went, too.

As a result, she'll be one of the first two women in history to land on the Antarctic continent.

Mrs. Ronne was signed aboard by a last-minute switch in plans as the expedition sailed from Beaumont, Tex. She'll work as assistant scientist and expedition recorder, and possibly make certain her husband wears his mittens during the Antarctic winter.

Commander Ronne's "Antarctic Research Expedition," which operates independently of Admiral Byrd's, just left Valparaiso, Chile, for the final plunge south to Marguerite Bay, Palmer Land.

The expedition, financed by private contributions and equipped by everybody from the Navy to Fordham and Columbia Universities, hopes to crack some Antarctic secrets.

Commander Ronne, during the 18-month stay, wants to find if Antarctica is one land mass or divided into two separate continents; he'll study solar radiation, glaciology, and test cold-weather clothing for the Army.

Moral support for Mrs. Ronne during the icy sojourn will be offered by the party's other woman member—Mrs. Harry Darlington, wife of the group's chief pilot.

Tall, vivacious Mrs. Ronne is a George Washington University graduate of 1940, with a hatful of undergraduate activities to her credit. She was a staff member of the Hatchet, a member of Cue and Curtian dramatic society, secretary of the Junior Club, and member of Phi Mu Sorority.

She and Commander Ronne took up residence in their F at home after their marriage in 1944. Before her South Pole junket, Mrs. Ronne worked in the State Department's Office of International Information and Cultural Affairs.

Senate Group Probes GSI Concessions

A Senate Civil Service Subcommittee probing operation of Federal cafeterias yesterday looked into other ventures of Government Services, Inc., including a concession at Great Falls, Md.

Investigators charged that GSI's service at the park recreation area "hasn't been all it should be" and that no records exist showing whether GSI footed all electricity bills. One subcommittee member said GSI files indicated part of the electric bill at Great Falls was paid by the Federal Government.

Other data purporting to show that National Capital Parks gave GSI first bid on a renovation project at Great Falls although another private corporation had offered to do the job on better terms were laid before the subcommittee by John W. Woods, General Accounting Office attorney.

Harry Thompson, assistant superintendent of National Capital Parks, admitted under questioning that the Government agency did give GSI "first crack" at the project, calling for renovation of an old tavern in the park concession.

GSI, the committee was told, had agreed to undertake the rehabilitation job on condition its contract was extended for five years and amended to halt profit sharing with the Government pending completion of the project.

Senator Raymond E. Baldwin (R. Conn.) subcommittee chairman, called for a "progress" report from a committee now studying National Parks' system of leasing concessions to private companies. He said the study was closely linked with the subcommittee investigation.

Irving C. Root, superintendent of National Capital Parks, the committee was told, asked that GSI provide a check-cashing service for agency employees. This led Senator Baldwin to remark that "the next thing you know GSI will be in the banking business."

Senator Baldwin read into the record a petition signed by some 800 Arlington Farms residents, charging that food in their cafeteria, operated by GSI, is high priced and low in "quality and quantity." The communication expressed "extreme dissatisfaction with present conditions."

The hearing will be resumed at 10:15 a. m. tomorrow.

Acts AT ONCE to Relieve and 'Loosen' CHILDREN'S BAD COUGHS

(CAUSED BY COLDS)

PERCUTAN must be good when thousands upon thousands of Doctors have prescribed it for so many years. PERCUTAN acts at once not only to relieve such coughing but also 'loosens phlegm' and makes it easier to raise. Safe for both old and young. Pleasant tasting. All drugstores. →PENTUSSIN←

Relief At Last For Your Cough

Cremulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel mucus, soothe inflamed, and soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Cremulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

CREMULSION
For Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis

Text of Greece's Appeal to the United States for Aid

The text of a note from Greek Prime Minister D. Mazimos and Foreign Minister C. Tsaldaris to President Truman and Secretary of State Marshall follows:

Owing to the systematic devastation of Greece, the declination and debilitation of her people and of the destruction of her economy through four invasions and protracted enemy occupation, as well as through disturbances in the wake of war, and despite the valuable assistance rendered by our allies during and after the war for which the Greek people feel profoundly grateful, further and immediate assistance has unfortunately become vital.

It is impossible to exaggerate the magnitude of the difficulties that beset those survivors in Greece who are devoting themselves to the restoration of their country. Such means of survival

as remained to the Greek people after the enemy withdrew have now been exhausted so that today Greece is without funds to finance the import even of those consumption goods that are essential for bare subsistence.

Appeal to United States

In such circumstances the Greek people cannot make progress in attacking the problems of reconstruction, though substantial reconstruction must be begun if the situation in Greece is not to continue to be critical.

The Greek government and the people are therefore compelled to appeal to the Government of the United States and through it to the American people for financial, economic and expert assistance. For Greece to survive she must have:

1. The financial and other assistance which will enable her im-

mediately to resume purchases of the food, clothing, fuel, seeds and the like that are indispensable for the subsistence of her people and that are obtainable only from abroad.

2. The financial and other assistance necessary to enable the civil and military establishments of the government to obtain from abroad the means of restoring in the country the tranquillity and feeling of security indispensable to the achievement of economic and political recovery.

3. Aid in obtaining the financial and other assistance that will enable Greece and the Greek people to create the means for self-support in the future. This involves problems which unhappily cannot be solved unless we surmount the crisis immediately confronting us.

Need Declared Great

4. The aid of experienced American administrative, economic and

technical personnel to assure the utilization in an effective and up to date manner of the financial and other assistance given to Greece, to help to restore a healthy condition in the domestic economy and public administration and to train the young people of Greece to assume their responsibilities in a reconstructed economy.

The need is great. The termination of the Greek to do all in their power to restore Greece on a self-supporting, self-respecting democracy is also great: but the destruction in Greece has been so complete as to rob the Greek government that the Government by themselves. It is because of these circumstances that they turn to America for aid. It is the profound hope of the

Greek government, that the Government of the United States will find a way to render to Greece without delay the assistance for which it now appeals.

Asheville Climate Best Except for Vacations

Chicago (U.P.).—A forecaster, with 38 years service in the U. S. Weather Bureau, picked Asheville, N. C., as the spot with the nearest to an ideal climate in the country.

Owen T. Lay, 64, gave his selection at a farewell banquet announcing his retirement. From his work as a meteorologist, Lay said, he learned that western North Carolina has the best weather conditions. That is why he wants to live there.

Before settling down in his new home, however, he and his wife will vacation in Florida.

Cafeteria Workers Plan Strike Strategy

About 200 members of Cafeteria Workers Local 471 (CIO) went into a midnight session to plan strike strategy in their long-standing wage dispute with O'Donnell's Restaurant, 1221 E st. n.w.

A report on progress in the contract talks with management and Government officials was expected to be made at the meeting. The union's negotiating committee already has been authorized to set a strike date and the meeting was to get ready if and when a strike is decided by the committee. About 300 workers in all are affected by the dispute, according to Union President Richard Bancroft. The union has asked a 60-cent hourly minimum for kitchen employees. The latest company offer is 48 cents.

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More than 200 years ago the noble house of Pedro Domecq of Jerez discovered a secret of superb quality in Sherries. Carried on by seven generations, this traditional quality is at its best in these famous Domecq wines: pale, dry La Ina; rich mellow "after-dinner" Celebration Cream; luscious Primero Amontillado; and versatile Double Century Brand.

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Sherries

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Wagner's Immortal

"DIE WALKURE"

starring

Loitte Lehmann, Lauritz Melchior and Helen Traubel in outstanding recordings of this famous opera, the most popular of Wagner's Ring Cycle.

It lets you live in the Stratosphere ...and OIL-PLATES your engine!

ABOVE 50,000 FT. IT'S 60° BELOW ZERO!

That and 450 m.p.h. speeds, make necessary specially designed "escape suits" for fliers. What enables these new suits to withstand terrific wind-pressures from outside and air pressure from inside is the force of molecular attraction... basic force that holds things together!

SO THIS SPRING CHANGE TO OIL-PLATING!

Because when Conoco Nth motor oil enters your engine, the tremendous force of molecular attraction fastens molecules of a special lubricant so closely to molecules of engine metal that

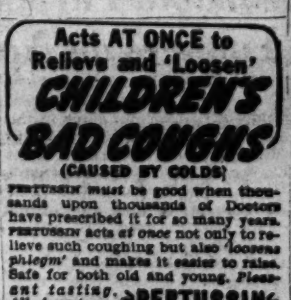
cylinder walls and other surfaces are OIL-PLATED!

BECAUSE OIL-PLATING RESISTS GRAVITY...

stays up on cylinder walls... won't all drain down even overnight, you get: EXTRA protection when you first start your engine "dry"... EXTRA protection from corrosive acid action when your engine is idle... EXTRA protection from sludge and carbon caused by wear... EXTRA smooth, cool, silent miles.

STOP AT THE RED of Your Conoco Mileage Merchant. Continental Oil Company

Make a date to OIL-PLATE...NOW!



Relief At Last
For Your Cough
Cremulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel mucus, soothe inflamed, and soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Cremulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

This Morning

With Shirley Povich

ORLANDO, Fla., March 4.—Clark Griffith's habit of reacquiring ballplayers he has traded was manifested again today by the deal that brought Outfielder George Case back from the Cleveland club.



POVICH

In fact, Griffith has even rehired a manager he once fired. That was Bucky Harris, whom he released in 1928 and brought back to boss the club six years later. The only other case of a manager who was fired and rehired, in recent memory, is that of Billy Southworth, who was let out by the Cardinals and later called back to manage two pennant winners.

THE MOST COSTLY of all Griffith's maneuvers to bring back a player he had traded away was in the case of Buddy Myer. The Washington club swapped Myer to the Red Sox in 1927 in an even deal for Shortstop Bill Rigney, who didn't last the year out with Washington. When Walter Johnson relieved Bucky Harris as the Nats' manager before the start of the 1929 season, his first request to Griffith was the reacquisition of Myer from Boston.

It cost me \$31,000 to get Myer back from the Red Sox," Griffith relates. "I had to give Boston five ballplayers who stood me that much. They were Grant Gillis and Bobby Reeves, infielders; Joe Bigelow, an outfielder, and Pitchers Horace Lisenbee and Milt Gaston. That was a lot to give up for a player I had traded away for nothing."

Griffith didn't tell the whole story of what his mistakes on Myer actually cost him. The figure could be tilted to \$101,000, including the \$25,000 Griffith had to pay the New Orleans club for Myer's contract in 1925. Griffith sent Joe Engel to Hattiesburg, Miss., to sign Myer, but Engel arrived late. In fact, his train crossed, and Engel, who could have signed Myer for nothing, had to buy him from New Orleans.

IN THE CASE of Case, Griffith's fondness for the player stems from his long-time regard for players who could run the bases. When Griffith first came to Washington in 1912 and lifted the Senators out of the doldrums by putting them in second place two years in a row, he had a running club of fellows who couldn't hit much, but who led the league in stolen bases and were proficient at the hit-and-run play.

"My little ball club," Griffith used to call his teams of 1912-13, and he was proud of those teams because he was of three pennant winners. Case is in the image of the good ballplayers Griffith liked to have on his club when he was a manager.

"He's a worry any time he gets on base," said Griffith, "and he was a good ballplayer for us for seven years. I don't think Case has slipped so much that he won't be a help to us. He didn't want to play in Cleveland anyway, and he told me he'd play in Washington for less money than the Indians were paying him."

MANAGER OSSIE BLUEGE made the Roger Wolff deal with alacrity. "We didn't need Wolff, and we can use Case," said Bluege. "Maybe we'll get the same good results that we did in 1945 when I had Case leading off and George Myatt batting in second place. Case, when he got on base, used to worry the pitcher so much that Myatt made many a hit behind him."

Bluege, who is painfully aware of his club's lack of power, would like to see Case, Myatt and Gil Coan in Washington's regular lineup. "And if we had Eddie Lyons in there, too, along with Mickey Vernon who can steal a base, we'll give all the clubs fits if we can hit a little bit. If you don't have power, you have to settle for something else. And in our case it would be speed."

And another thing, says Bluege. The distances of the fences in Griffith Stadium won't handicap Case, but they will handicap the power clubs any of the best of it.

Representatives of the Midwest schools will meet again in May. There was no official announcement of the Aggies' application after Saturday's Big Six meeting in Kansas City. However, well-informed sources said the conference received it too late for final action then and that it probably would be discussed at the spring meeting.

Dean McElroy congratulated Colorado on being accepted into the Midwest group and said "I think the Big Six is well in taking in another member."

Oklahoma A. & M. now is a member of the Missouri Valley Conference.

Junior AAU Swimming Tournament Set for Friday

The annual Junior D. C. A. A. U. swimming and diving championships take place Friday at 8 p. m. at the Eastern Branch Club pool, 17th and Massachusetts ave. se.

American University, George Washington University, Ambassador, Boys Club of Washington, Tacoma, Catholic University and Y.M.C.A. have entered teams. They will compete in the 50-yard free, 100-yard backstroke, 100-yard breaststroke, 100-yard diving, and low and high diving. For the men, there will be, in addition, the 150-yard medley relay, and for the women the 150-yard individual medley swim.

Paul Defeats Gordon In Overtime, 27 to 17

In an overtime battle, Paul defeated Gordon, 27-17, yesterday to win the Northern Division Junior High basketball title at the Paul gym. Holger Langmack hit the cards for 10 points, six of these coming in the all-important overtime period.

What's on Today

BASKETBALL
Detroit vs. Capitols at Uline Arena, 8:30 p. m.
Girl's Section of Metropolitan Basketball Tournament, Washington-Lee vs. Parkville, 7:30 p. m. and Friends vs. Bethesda, 8:45 p. m. at Riehle Coliseum, College Park.

BOXING
AAU Tournament at Catholic U., 8 p. m.
WRESTLING
Turner's Arena, 8:45 p. m.

Case Further Confuses Nats' Outfield

Duquesne, Navy Accept Tourney Bids

New York, March 4 (AP).—Two more crack collegiate fives joined the postseason tournament fields today with Duquesne's acceptance of a bid to play in the New York National Invitation Tournament and Navy's selection as the District Three representative in the NCAA championships.

The Iron Dukes, who boasted a 19-0 record through Monday night, spurned an invitation to represent District Two in the NCAA to become the third outfit to be named for the NIT, West Virginia (17-1) and Kentucky (27-2), Southeastern Conference kings, already have signed up for the invitation carnival which gets under way at Madison Square Garden March 15.

Five more teams remain to be picked for the NIT and at least 14 schools are under consideration for the vacancies. The spots are expected to be filled this week.

Navy Breaks Tradition

In accepting the NCAA bid Navy broke tradition to honor its outstanding coaches. The five that takes the Madison Square Garden court March 20 for the first round of the Eastern eliminations will be the first Annapolis basketball squad ever to engage in a post-season tourney.

Under the first year piloting of Ben Carnevale, who shifted from North Carolina, the Midlows won 16 contests, including the only defeat handed by West Virginia, and lost only to George Washington.

With Navy in the fold, the NCAA had three of its eight spots filled. Holy Cross has been picked for District One (New England) in the Eastern NCAA, leaving that section open in District Two (mid-Atlantic) and District Four (big nine and a chunk of the Midwest).

District Three, Southwest Conference champion, has been chosen for District Six (Southwest), leaving three spots open for the Western NCAA region. That tourney, incidentally, opens at Kansas City, March 21.

NCAA Shapes Up

Here's the way the rest of the NCAA shapes up:

EAST—District two: Syracuse, Colgate, New York U., Columbia, La Salle, St. Joseph's of Philadelphia.

District Four: The Big Nine winner or Notre Dame, DePaul or Loyola, Chicago, Wisconsin leads the conference fight with 8-3, followed by Illinois and Indiana, each finished with 8-4.

Wisconsin plays off its postponed second half with Purdue at Evanston Saturday. Purdue was leading 34-33 at the half when the game was halted by the stands collapse tragedy.

WEST—District Five: Winner of playoff between Oklahoma, Midwest (Big Six) Conference kings and St. Louis, Missouri Valley champs. District Seven: Winner of Big Seven championships. Wyoming leads with 9-1 and Utah is second with 9-2. Race will be decided this week. District Eight: Winner of Pacific Coast Conference playoff between Oregon State, North and UCLA. South Three games playoff starts Friday.

Oklahoma Paper Refuses to Call Big Six Midwest

Oklahoma City, March 4 (AP).—Hal Middendorp, sports editor of the Daily Oklahoman, said in his column, "On the Level," today that until the Big Six Conference straightens out its difficulties over a conflicting name with the Midwest Conference, the Oklahoman would continue to call it the Big Six.

Conference representatives met last Saturday at a meeting in Kansas City, Mo., voted to change the name to the Midwest Conference after they had voted in the University of Colorado. Then they discovered there already was a Midwest Conference, so for the time being at least, the Big Six leaders decided to separate the mid and west with a hyphen.

The original Midwest Conference still objected and Big Six leaders said they'd consider the matter again at a meeting in May.

Training Camp Notes

White Sox' Murrell Jones Reinstated by Chandler

CHICAGO, March 4 (AP).—The Chicago White Sox today announced that first baseman Murrell Jones of Eps, La., had been returned to active status from the voluntarily retired list by Commissioner A. B. Chandler.

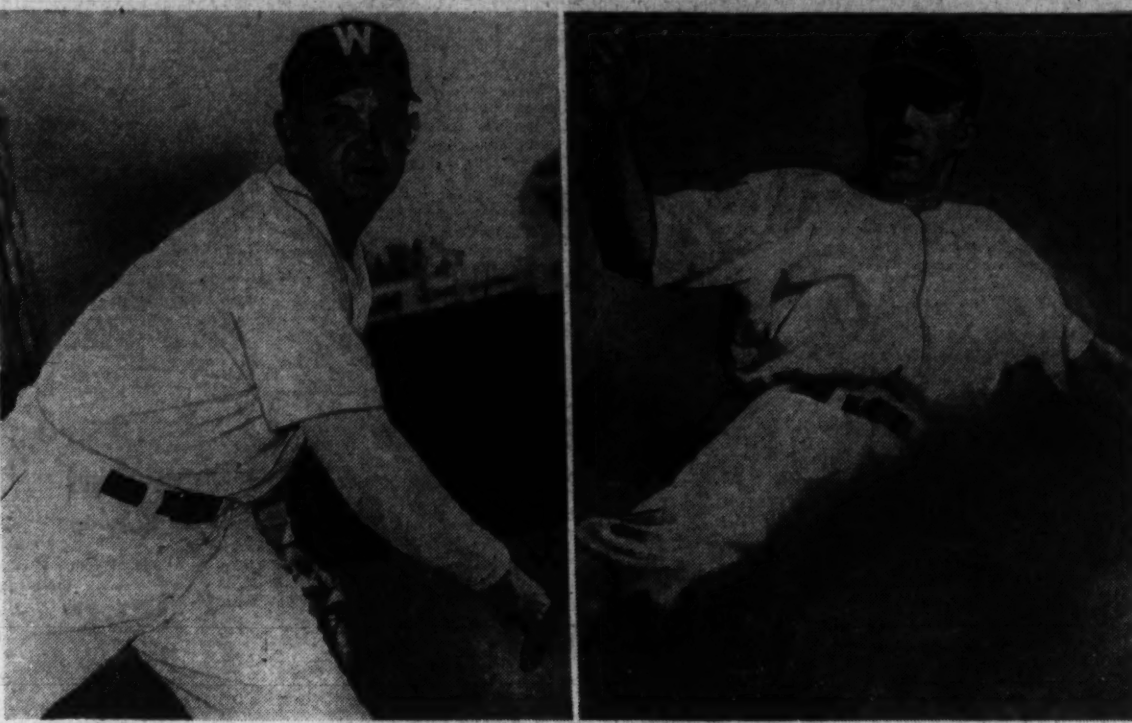
Jones was placed on the retired list early last season when he suffered a broken arm. The hard-hitting, 24-year-old player already has reported to the White Sox Pasadena, Calif., training base.

BALTIMORE, March 4 (AP).—Doctors at Johns Hopkins Hospital decided today it will be necessary to perform a skin grafting operation on Joe Dimaggio's left heel to close a troublesome wound left by removal of a bone spur a month ago.

Dr. Edwin M. Hanrahan, Jr., plastic surgeon, said the operation probably will be performed tomorrow or Thursday.

The Yankee slugger has been at the hospital since last Friday, undergoing special treatments designed to heal the wound.

Wolff Leaves . . . Case Returns



BACK TO THE NATS came George Washington Case, right-hand hitting outfielder, yesterday after a year with the Cleveland Indians. The speedy base runner was reacquired in a deal for Roger Wolff, knuckleball pitcher, who won five and lost eight in a Washington uniform last season. Some cash was thrown into the transaction by the Indians, it was indicated.

Twenty Bouts Tonight for AAU Boxers

The second round of the District AAU Boxing Tournament takes place at Catholic University gym at 8:30 tonight with 11 senior and 19 novice bouts on the card.

The senior encounter pits Ken Gray of Merrick against Johnny Crowell of Apollo, in a 135-pound bout. Gray is the novice champion of the recent Boys Club Tournament while Crowell was the AAU novice champion of last year.

A novice bout expected to provide fireworks pairs Bernard Smith of the Quantic Marines and Carl Almgren of Apollo in the 160-pound class. Last week Smith scored a victory over Bob Howard of Merrick in the best match of the card.

Almgren's best win since entering amateur competition was recorded over Lee Cefaratti, the 175-pound Boys Club novice champion, at the St. Michael's father-son smoker.

Disabled veterans of Walter Reed, Bethesda Naval Hospital and Glen will be guests at tonight's bouts. Tickets are on sale at C. U. Turner's Arena, Touchdown Club and Fairway Sports Shop, 1328 G st. nw.

PAIRINGS FOR TONIGHT:

115-POUND NOVICE
Larry Bushman (Navy) vs. Martin Chaney (Prince Georges), Alvin Bess (Navy) vs. Billy Farmer (Navy), Dick Kewell (Navy) vs. William (Quantic Marines) vs. Roland Salter (Fort Belknap).

125-POUND NOVICE
John Hays (Barry) vs. Frank Sullivan (WDC), Frank Stiles (Quantic Marines) vs. Frank Laganas (Apollo), Marvin Miller (WDC) vs. Frank (Barry), Stanley Lewis (Quantic Marines) vs. Ray Courtney (WDC).

135-POUND NOVICE
Tom Ryan (WDC) vs. James Callahan (WDC), Artie Hasey (Merrick) vs. Jack (Barry), Bernard Smith (Quantic) vs. James Poirier (Navy), Bernard Smith (Quantic) vs. Carl Almgren (Apollo).

145-POUND NOVICE
Tom Gray (Merrick) vs. John Crowell (Apollo).

PLAYERS SAVE Sportswriter

Man, Maul, T. H., March 4 (AP).—Manager Lefty O'Doul and Pitcher Larry Powell of the San Francisco baseball Seals rescued Bucky Walters, sports writer of the San Francisco News, from the surf yesterday. The Seals are in spring training here.

Walters and members of the Seals squad were swimming off Naama Beach near the training camp. Walters, about 75 yards off shore, suddenly called for help.

Powell swam to his side and tried to help him. O'Doul then swam up and Powell grabbed O'Doul and they went under. Lefty extricated himself and towed Walters to the beach, where he was given first aid.

Wreck in Texas

Waco, Tex., March 4 (AP).—Frank "Red" Broyles, former star Georgia Tech athlete, has been hired as an assistant backfield coach for Baylor University, Coach Bob Woodruff announced today.

Off for Conference Tourney

GEORGE WASHINGTON

Age Hgt. Wgt. Class

Bill Cantwell, f. 24 6-0 185 Jr. Home

Art Cerra, f. 20 6-2 185 Sr. Brooklyn, N. Y.

Kansas Dean Calls Curbs To Grid Recruiting Unrealistic

Lawrence, Kans., March 4 (AP).—Dean E. W. Mallott, chancellor of the University of Kansas, assailed today the decision of the new Midwest Conference, designed to curb football recruiting as unrealistic and irresponsible.

The new recruiting rule recently was recommended at a conference of the National Collegiate Athletic Association in New York. It provides that no coach or athletic manager could approach a prospective athlete off the campus except at football banquets and similar functions, and that it be limited to public oratory.

Vigorously opposing the adoption of the rule by the Midwest Conference Saturday, Mallott followed up his opposition today by contending such a rule would enable alumni with no direct responsibility to the university to recruit athletes by their own methods—and none of which could be controlled by the university.

Mallott insisted coaches' and managers' activities could be and should be controlled by university heads.

Saying Kansas neither wants professionalism nor is interested in "buying athletes," Mallott charged that any college president subscribing to the Midwest's recruiting rule is either "willing to shut his eyes to what goes on," or fails to "realize that

financial inducement is at the root of the problem of professional athletics."

He declared that the University of Kansas was unwilling to be "either naive or hypocritical in its relation to alumni, the public or prospective students."

Mallott expressed strong disapproval of "holier than thou" attitudes in the administration of intercollegiate athletics.

"The University of Kansas is interested in bringing the best students to its campus," he said. "Any regulation by an outside agency that sets up abnormal barriers to this end can result only in friction, misunderstanding and loss of control by the institution and abdication of the responsibility of its administrators."

"Although the Mid-West Conference voted on Saturday to uphold this principle, the University of Kansas does not subscribe to this statement," he said. "We do not want professionalism in athletics; we are not interested in buying athletes."

Mallott said that a college president who subscribes to such a code is "guilty of failing to recognize that recruitment is going on anyway. Why do coaches go to high school banquets? It is not for love or travel or to hear their voices lifted in oratory."

Falcons Face Caps Tonight

Coach Red Auerbach's Eastern Division champion Washington Capitals are to make their first appearance since clinching sectional honors tonight when they entertain Detroit's towering Falcons in a Ladies' Night Basketball Association of America game at Uline Arena, 8:45 o'clock.

In an opener set for 7:30 Clifton Liquors will play host to Ben Goldfaden's Greenbelt Clubmen.

The Caps will be driving for their ninth straight league victory and their twenty-fourth in a row on the home floor. However, they will be facing in the Falcons a combination that ended their longest winning streak of the season at 17 games shortly after the new year, and which will be at full strength in its bid for an upset.

An individual duel of association scoring aces tonight will pit Detroit's 6-foot, 5-inch center, Stan Masek, against Washington's Capt. Bob Feerick.

Masek is runner-up only to Philadelphia's Joe Fuks in total points scored, but is being closely pressed by Feerick, who has 716 points.

Milt Schoon, the 6-foot, 9-inch former Valparaiso University forward and center, is the skyscraper ace of the Falcons.

Betz, Kramer Net Winners

New York, March 4 (AP).—Top-seeded Pauline Betz of Los Angeles advanced to the semifinals in her quest for a fourth women's singles title in the National Indoor Tennis Championships today by eliminating Mrs. Louise Ganzenbiller, Sea Cliff, N. Y., 6-1, 6-3.

Her opponent in the semifinals will be Barbara Scofield of Coral Gables, Fla., who swept past Sylvia Knowles of Newport, R. I., 6-0, 6-3, in another quarter-final match today.

Doris Hart of Coral Gables, Fla., seeded second in the women's singles bracket, reached the quarter-finals, meanwhile, with a 6-3, 6-3 triumph over Olga Kallos of Tuckahoe, N. Y.

Jack Kramer of Los Angeles, the national outdoor champion and top-seeded male star, moved into the men's singles quarter-finals with his second easy triumph of the tourney, a 6-1, 6-2 decision over Phil Hanna, the radio singer from New York.

Kramer was joined in the round of eight by Bob Falkenberg, national collegiate titleholder from Los Angeles, who turned back Lester Hirschfeld of New York, 6-4, 6-4.

The men's quarter-final bracket was completed when Fred Kovaleski, 22-year-old William and Mary student from Hamtramck, Mich., turned back Frank Shields of New York, seeded fifth, 6-4, 3-6, 6-4, in the major surprise of the meet.

In the quarter-finals, Kovaleski will meet second-seeded Billy Talbert of Wilmington, Del., who won his third round match yesterday.

Cocky Terps, Colonials Off For Durham

By Bill Burnett
Post Reporter

A couple of cocky ball clubs, looking like anything but the rank underdogs most people consider them, today leave the Washington area for the annual Southern Conference basketball tournament opening tomorrow at Durham, N. C.

The Colonials of George Washington University, leaving by auto at 9 a. m., will be in high spirits because their captain, Jim Rausch, may be able to play. His hip bruised last week in the VMI game, Rausch yesterday underwent X-rays which revealed no bone fracture.

Trainer Sparky Adams of the Colonials, was downright optimistic about the little floor leader's condition.

"His side is responding to treatment a lot better than we expected," he said. "If he can work out the stiffness he'll be okay."

Jackson on Trip

A replacement, Bob Jackson, will make the Durham trip "just in case," according to Coach Otto Zahn, and will be thrown into the vacancy at the last minute if Rausch is unable to start.

The Colonials meet Washington and Lee in the opener of a night double-header starting at 7:30 tomorrow in Duke University's indoor stadium.

Maryland University's Terrapins, who face North Carolina State in the finale of tomorrow afternoon's first double-header, leave in a cheerful mental condition today because any other frame of mind would be of little help.

By the luck of the draw they tangled with the regular season champion, the team many observers call the best ever to compete in the Southern Conference.

Coach Burton Shipley expressed Terrapin sentiments when he said he was sorry his team had to draw such a tough opening opponent, but it would just have to make the best of it.

On the strength of strong recommendations from Southern Conference teams which played in Washington, Arnold Heft, local cage official, has been assigned as one of three tournament officials. He will fly to Durham tomorrow morning.

Other officials are Broadus (Dick) Culler, High Point, N. C., and Ray Waskey of Roanoke, Va.

All Southern Conference tournament games will be broadcast over Station WFPT. It was announced yesterday. Broadcast times are: Thursday, 2 to 6 p. m.; 7:15, to 11 p. m.; Friday, 7:15 to 11 p. m.; and Saturday, 8 to 10 p. m.

Maryland, Virginia Roundup

Norfolk Farmhands Will Play Yankees on Northern Swing

NORFOLK, Va., March 4 (AP).—The New York Yankees, parent club of the Norfolk entry in the Piedmont League, will come to Norfolk Monday afternoon, April 7, for an exhibition contest with their local farm hands, Col. H. P. Dawson, president of the Norfolk Tars, has informed the Ledger-Dispatch.

The contest will mark the first appearance of the New York regulars in Norfolk since 1942, although the Bradenton or "B" squad, most of whom finished the campaign in a Triple A Yankee farm, were here for an exhibition with the local representatives last year.

THE UNIVERSITY of Virginia's Cavaliers, with a record of six victories in nine engagements counting toward the title, ruled the Old Dominion's "Big Six" basketball range today, thanks to a 50-37 curtain-dropping victory over the hapless V. M. I. Keydets.

The Cavaliers rang up the deciding decision at Lexington while the University of Richmond

Wolff Trade With Indians Believed to Involve Cash

By Shirley Povich
Post Reporter

Orlando, Fla., March 4.—The outfield problem of the Washington club was further confused today with the trade that brought George Case from the Cleveland Indians in a swap for Pitcher Roger Wolff.

Manager Ossie Bluege, who has reiterated that Gil Coan would be installed as the regular left fielder, is now torn between a desire to give Coan a full shot at the job and the temptation to inject some right-handed hitting into his outfield by playing Case.

One solution that would remove Bluege's uncertainties about the makeup of his outfield would be a Coan-Spence-Case trio, but that would not be taking into the reckoning Mr. Buddy Lewis, who is a salary holdout. Bluege would prefer to have Lewis in his lineup and shoulder his other problems.

Announced as Even Swap

The Case-Wolff deal was announced as an even swap, but indications are that Owner Bill Veeck of Cleveland tossed a fair-sized bundle of cash into the trade. Despite his poor season in 1946, Wolff was a 20-game winner the year before and Veeck was so persistent in making the deal that Clark Griffith doubtless wangled some dollars out of him.

On his re-ord of last year when Case hit .223, Case had no great appeal for the Washington club and at the age of 32 was not a player to command as talented a pitcher as Wolff.

Case will report to the Washington camp at once from his home in Trenton, N. J., where he had been detained by the illness of his mother from joining the Indians at their Tucson, Ariz., training camp.

Wants Buddy Lewis

Bluege would not be disagreeably surprised if by chance new developments broke up his planned outfield of Coan-Spence-Case. He would welcome delightedly the appearance of Lewis in camp, and he is hopeful that Rookie Earl Wooten can break his way into the lineup.

Young Wooten, who rates with the clever Stan Spence as a defensive outfielder and has perhaps the best throwing arm on the squad despite his mere 155 pounds, is a right-handed hitter. He batted .312 for Chattanooga last year.

Another long-shot possibility is the left-handed hitting rookie out of the bullpen, Johnny Nether who has been pondering out the Washington batting practice sessions.

Get Good Pitching

With a slew of rookie pitchers trying to make good, the Nats are seeing better pitching this spring than they face in batting practice during the season. . . . Gil Coan is still a convalescent with his ailing feet which are allergic to a ringworm in the Florida sands, and there is a possibility he may be sent north to recover. . . . Cecil Travis continues to be the hot article of the batting drills along with Stan Spence and Nether. . . . All three of them pull the ball over the right field fence daily. . . . Buck Leonard's southpaw protégé, Rufe Leonard, has been so impressive that he will start one of the intra-squad games this week. . . . Golf has been banned from the Washington squad after Sunday, a blow to Buck Newsum who has been winning all his golf bets, despite a swing that comes under the head of most of golf's "don'ts."

Redland Hunt's Races Postponed

The Redland Hunt point-to-point races originally scheduled for the coming Saturday have been postponed. A new date of March 29 has been set for the annual competition to be held in nearby Maryland.

T. T. Mott, master of foxhounds, inspected the hunting area yesterday and reported snow drifts that completely covered fences. Even if the snow melted by the weekend the going would be too soft for the four-event program, he said.

Two Maryland teams, Fort Meade and Aberdeen, were eliminated in the quarter-final round of the Second Army basketball tournament.

Fort Meade dropped an 86-50 decision to Fort Knox, Ky., and Aberdeen was trounced 82-33 by Camp Campbell, Ky.

Bennings

Dear Folks: A stepchild when first built, the Gulfstream Park racing agenda around Miami. The oval, after being kicked around, came into its own last year with a bang-up meeting in every respect. Taking the worst of the dates, Gulfstream made Tropical and Hialeah sit up and take notice. This season Tropical is in December, instead of a split meeting. Gulfstream had to take the March and April dates. Tropical, however, although it picked up after Christmas, Gulfstream is better located than Tropical for the season, being situated some 12 miles north of Miami proper but on the No. 1 highway close to several population centers, including Fort Lauderdale. In addition, Gulfstream is close to the Florida East Coast Railroad and will have the benefit of special trains for the first time this year. The round trip is a buck a throw, and many Miami customers will find this a convenience. On the other hand, Tropical is located some 10 miles to the southwest of Miami, practically in a wilderness and dependent on car and bus service. Hialeah, 10 miles to the northwest, is a little better situated for luring crowds but, by getting the early dates of mid-January through February, it doesn't have to cry for attendance. Then again, Hialeah outdistances its rivals in beauty, service, etc. But there's only 26 days until Bowie.

- 1-Sir Bogle, Joel, Float Away, Jan-Rod.
- 2-Fearless, Mr. Danny, Speed Easy.
- 3-Bright Willie, Sin Lee, Sea Raft.
- 4-Page 2d, I'm O'Sullivan, Bosage.
- 5-Burfur, Hornbeam, Nance's Ace.
- 6-Elimo T., Hall Victory, Cash Reward.
- 7-Historic, Guerrilla Entry Markability.

Sunshine Park

By the Associated Press
 1-Sir Bogle, Joel, Float Away, Jan-Rod.
 2-Fearless, Mr. Danny, Speed Easy.
 3-Bright Willie, Sin Lee, Sea Raft.
 4-Page 2d, I'm O'Sullivan, Bosage.
 5-Burfur, Hornbeam, Nance's Ace.
 6-Elimo T., Hall Victory, Cash Reward.
 7-Historic, Guerrilla Entry Markability.
 Best bet-BRIGHT WILLIE.

Santa Anita

1-Sir Bogle, Joel, Float Away, Jan-Rod.
 2-Fearless, Mr. Danny, Speed Easy.
 3-Bright Willie, Sin Lee, Sea Raft.
 4-Page 2d, I'm O'Sullivan, Bosage.
 5-Burfur, Hornbeam, Nance's Ace.
 6-Elimo T., Hall Victory, Cash Reward.
 7-Historic, Guerrilla Entry Markability.
 Best bet-BRIGHT WILLIE.

Post Consensus

1-Sir Bogle, Joel, Float Away, Jan-Rod.
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 3-Bright Willie, Sin Lee, Sea Raft.
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Miss Grillo Wins Black Helen; Phar Mon Sets Track Record

Final Hialeah Racing Chart at Hialeah Park

Stakes to 3-1 And 24-1 Shots

Hialeah, Fla., March 4 (AP).—Mrs. Barclay K. Douglas' Miss Grillo, regarded as the best South American distance-running mare ever to invade this country, carried 130 pounds to a head triumph in the \$25,000 Black Helen handicap as a surprisingly successful 40-day meeting ended here today.

Phar Mon, an entry with Sir Flint representing William H. Veenman of Louisville, set a new 3-furlong track record as he drove to a length and a half triumph in the Hialeah Juvenile Stakes, first of the fixtures.

Miss Grillo was next to last in the field of eight fillies and mares for most of the mile and a furlong journey. The sturdy chestnut daughter of Rolando-Cedullilla got up right at the end to take the \$18,400 winner's share of the purse.

Just behind came the surprise of the race, Mrs. W. Plunkett Stewart's Rytina, rated strictly a sprinter on past performances, which beat Arnold Hanger's Sweet Caprice a length for the place.

Entry Is Favorite
 Sweet Caprice and Harmonica, an entry, ruled favorite while Miss Grillo returned \$7.80 with Conn McCrory up. Both the victorious horse and rider performed in characteristic fashion, as rallying from far back is their forte. The time was 1:48 4-5.

Miss Grillo's triumph followed a most startling one for William H. Veenman's Phar Mon in the Hialeah Juvenile Stakes, the youngster setting a new 3-furlong track mark at \$40.20 for \$2. Few him to run close to his time of 0:32 3-5.

Last fall at Pimlico, Miss Grillo won the Exterminator Handicap of 2 miles and 70 yards and was second to a running mate, Rico Conte, in the 2 1/2 mile Pimlico Handicap. In 1945 she captured the Argentine Derby. She furlongs being too short for her hearted mare gleaned \$31,350 with two wins and a second in six tries.

Clips Two Fifths
 Phar Mon was a winner and second in two previous tries. The dark bay son of Easy Mon-Penroyal was caught in .32 3/5, two fifths of a second faster than the which had been shared by a half colt returned \$49.20.

The Oran Leach Stable's favored Fly Away, flash victor in his only other outing, was second by a half length over the three-time winner, Irving Gushen's Andy's Glory. Fourteen started in the race, which grossed \$16,940 and netted the winner \$13,720.

Andy Lo Turco, recognized as a hustler Phar Mon of two-year-olds, and his mount revealed electrifying speed. The teletimer showed the first quarter mile turned in at 0:21 3/5. Fly Away was hot in the trial but Phar Mon increased his closing stride, Andy's Glory in the closed resistance to take the show from Alabue by a half length.

Oaklawn

1-Sir Bogle, Joel, Float Away, Jan-Rod.
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Fair Grounds

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 2-Fearless, Mr. Danny, Speed Easy.
 3-Bright Willie, Sin Lee, Sea Raft.
 4-Page 2d, I'm O'Sullivan, Bosage.
 5-Burfur, Hornbeam, Nance's Ace.
 6-Elimo T., Hall Victory, Cash Reward.
 7-Historic, Guerrilla Entry Markability.
 Best bet-BRIGHT WILLIE.

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

Impartial diplomats returning from the Near East report that the American dilemma in Greece is even more serious than the long-faced story which General Marshall gave to Congress. They report:

1. That the Greek countryside is now almost wholly in the hands of Greek guerrillas, a situation almost as bad as when the Germans held the towns and

Gulfstream Park Odds, Jockeys

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs, purse, \$2300.
 1-Lord Win (Woodhouse) 100-20-1
 2-New Flame (no boy) 100-20-1
 3-Mid (no boy) 100-20-1
 4-Mr. Danny (McCrory) 100-20-1
 5-Sir Bogle (DeLaur) 100-20-1
 6-Jenkins (Lassus) 100-20-1
 7-Burke's Old (no boy) 100-20-1
 8-Burke's Old (no boy) 100-20-1

British Mortgage on Greece

It is also an inescapable fact that British imperialism has placed a heavy burden on Greece. In recent weeks the British have publicized their alleged financial sacrifices to Greece. This means that the cost of supporting the British army, which was to have been borne by the Greek treasury, have to be canceled the cost of munitions for the Albanian campaign and the maintenance of the Greek army and navy in Egypt during the war, which no one really expected poverty-stricken Greece to pay anyway.

American Public in Dark

Despite the fact that the American taxpayer is now expected to take over the British burden in Greece, both the British and United States governments for several years followed a policy of letting the American public know absolutely nothing of what was happening. Even today the State Department has banned a visit to Greece by an American news representative because it feared he might find out too much.

Capital Chaff

If Congress knocks off OPA, the Agriculture Department will handle sugar rationing and price control itself. Secretary of Agriculture Clinton Anderson may fly to Germany for a further food survey. Harold Stassen is expecting big things from his present two-month globe-girdling tour. He hopes to get enough ammunition from talks with Stalin, Attlee and other European leaders to make plenty of political hay for his next fall's speaking tour when the GOP '48 sweepstakes hit the home stretch.

Former Presidential Adviser

George Allen is in the forefront of the hauling and shoving among prospective bidders for the lucrative General Amiline & Film, a former I. G. Farben subsidiary, now held by the Allies. Property custodian. The much-vaunted no-strike agreement in the construction industry backed off a fortnight after it was signed. President Truman issued a lengthy construction industry statement in signing a no-strike pact, but two weeks later every major construction project in New York was tied up by an AFL strike.

New York department store

sales, frequently a significant index of the Nation's economy, showed a drop for the first time in 30 months in late February. Copy 1947 The Bell Syndicate, Inc.

THE WASHINGTON POST
 Wednesday, March 5, 1947
 13

HIGH LIGHT ON BROADWAY!

PIEL'S BEER

Delicious De-lightful Demand it!

Piel Bros., N.Y.

Save Time—in United Mainliners

TOLEDO	2 1/2 hrs.	\$17.00
SOUTH BEND	4 hrs.	23.80
CHICAGO	3 1/2 hrs.	27.25
DENVER	9 hrs.	68.50
SAN FRANCISCO	15 1/2 hrs.	111.35
LOS ANGELES	15 hrs.	111.35
PORTLAND	18 hrs.	111.35
SEATTLE	16 1/2 hrs.	111.35

and 58 other cities coast to coast. All fares, tax extra.

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 or an authorized travel agent
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 THE MAIN LINE AIRWAY

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The Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Companies

"Aunt Mary will just love this card!"

Give someone, somewhere—a pat on the back—a word of encouragement.

Remembering shut-in friends and loved ones is such a pleasant habit and such a gracious thing to do. It's especially nice to send GIBSON cards because they're the finest.

GIBSON Greeting Cards

There's an appropriate Gibson Card for every occasion at finer stores

his is the TRUTH!

No fiction writer could create such drama!

... Told how it happened!

... Filmed the way it happened!

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F at 13th Loews Palace Tomorrow

Doors open 10:45

ENDS ROBERT WALKER • BRIAN DONLEVY

TODAY "THE BEGINNING OR THE END"

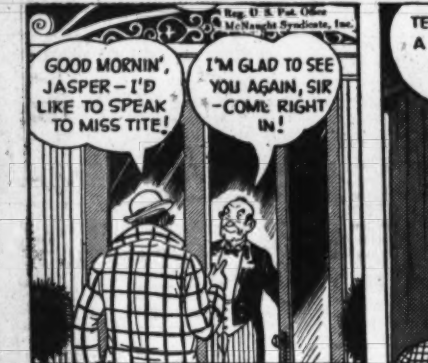
There's an appropriate Gibson Card for every occasion at finer stores



JOE PALOOKA



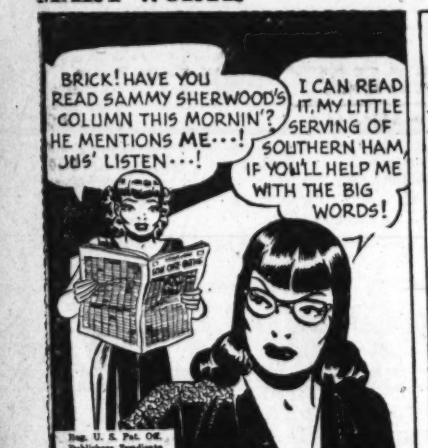
MICKEY FINN



PENNY



MARY WORTH



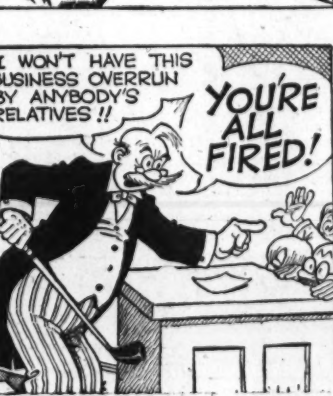
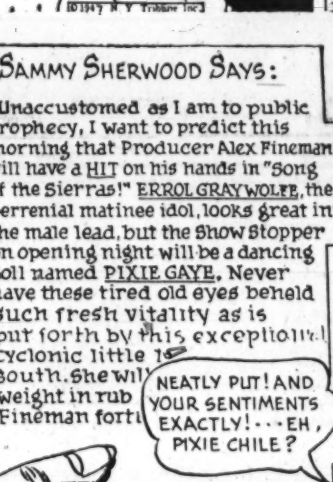
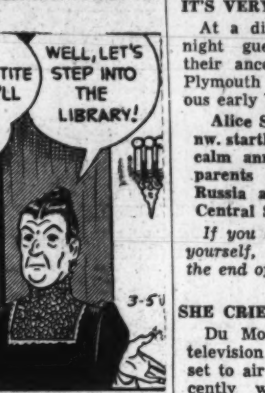
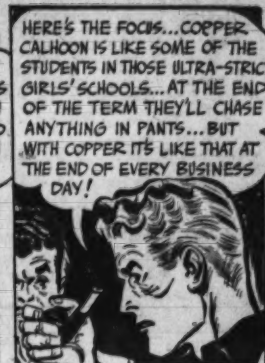
WINNIE WINKLE



SUPERMAN



DOTTY

THE DISTRICT LINE
by W. E. G.

EATING UP THE PROFITS

"Public Occurrences" (both Foreign and Domestic) was founded in 1890—the first newspaper published in America.

It was recently revived by Dr. Frank Monaghan ("with offices in the Attick over the Antique Shop at 17 Dupont Circle"). The strange publication proclaims:

"You cannot buy a copy of 'Public Occurrences.' It is not exposed on the Public Market, nor is it hawked about by street urchins. If you produce a joint of Ham, a shaving Lotion, a good Bourbon, a jug of maple syrup or any other good and honest item, then we are sometimes in the mood to have it."

In true barter fashion, Editor Monaghan has sent me a copy of "Public Occurrences" in exchange for his enjoyment of this column.

What have I been supplying you with, Doc—maize?

IT'S VERY SIMPLE

At a dinner party the other night guests were discussing their ancestors who landed at Plymouth Rock and at the various early Virginia settlements.

Alice Simon of 1327 15th st. nw. startled the group with the calm announcement that her parents had migrated from Russia and landed at Grand Central Station, in New York.

If you don't figure it out for yourself, the explanation is at the end of this column.

SHE CRIED "WOLFE"

Du Mont, Washington's only television broadcaster, was all set to air a basketball game recently when the equipment conked out.

An official announced to studio guests that a movie would be shown instead, and Jane Wolfe, of 2301 Cathedral ave. nw., groaned, "Just my luck." She had come to watch huddle Bob do his stuff on television.

But by some quirk of fate, the studio showed the only movie in which Bob has ever appeared. It was made so long ago Jane hadn't even known of its existence.

MISCELLANY

Ted Voliten, Rockville, Md., captain of detectives assigned to the State's attorney's office, wears sedate neckties 363 days of the year. But twice annually he breaks out in a hand-painted cravat that features a nude cutie—and the occasion is the semiannual convocation of the Montgomery County grand jury.

There's no law in the District which requires householders to remove snow and ice from their sidewalks. But if somebody is injured as a result and can prove "negligence," better be prepared to pay off. David P. Thomas of 1232 Crittenden st. nw., is so browned off with the small-town aspects of this city that he maintains that Washington, D. C., stands for Washing-

The Bridge Deck

By Florence Osborn

Al Weiss was the winner of the national senior masters' individual championship, winning a total of 631 match points in the five sessions and 140 hands of play.

Today's Hand

North-South Vulnerable

EAST DEALER

Wine

♠ K 10 3 2

♥ 10

♦ Q 7

♣ A Q J 9

5 3

♠ 4

♥ 8 7 6 5 4

♦ J 9 8 5

♣ 10 7 2

WEST

♠ NORTH ♠ A 8 7

♥ NORTH ♥ A K J 2

♦ NORTH ♦ 10 4 3

♣ NORTH ♣ K 8 4

WEST

♠ SOUTH ♠ Q J 9 6 5

♥ SOUTH ♥ Q 9 3

♦ SOUTH ♦ A K 6 3

♣ SOUTH ♣ 6

The bidding:

East South West North

1 ♥ 1 ♠ Pass 2 ♥

Pass 2 ♠ 3 ♥ 4 ♠

Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: 5 ♣.

Weiss and Ellet added several points to their scores on today's deal by making four spades with two overtricks although they were missing two aces. A cue bid by Weiss stopped an unfavorable lead, and his partner then proceeded to take 12 tricks by setting up North's long club suit.

Weiss's heart bid in East's suit indicated no heart losers, so West opened a diamond. Declarer cashed the queen, ace and king of diamonds, discarding North's singleton heart. He laid down the ace of clubs, trumped a low club and led a small trump to dummy's "king." East put on the ace (it did not matter if he held up), but that was the only trick he could take. Declarer won the trump return with North's spade ten and rumped another club, setting up a suit. He then drew the last verse trump, ruffed a diamond on the board and ran the last three tricks with long clubs.

ton, Dismal Capital

The Buick factory is reported readying a new radiator ornament to replace those chrome rings which the bobby-soxers have been swiping.

The Union Station trainman who spells it "Patonic" must be worried about the Platoniel Age. Mrs. Harvey L. Rabbitt of 4000 Cathedral ave. nw., recovered her expensive platinum and diamond wrist watch because the finder happened to hear newscaster Ken Evans reporting the loss. Mrs. Flora C. Kile, wife of O. M. Kile, 6514 Wisconsin rd., Mohican Hills, Md., found the watch in the Diamond Club in which Mrs. Rabbitt had lost it, and returned it immediately—flatly refusing to accept a reward.

THE MAILMAN COMETH

This one comes from two gals who work for the State Department—Mary Jeanette Kohler of 1941 S. Ridge rd., Arlington,

Va., and Ann Sugar, of 4211 18th st. nw.

The Department is encouraging correspondence between American and German children. The foreign kids are instructed to send their letters to the Division of International Relations, U. S. Office of Education.

But the girls report that one letter has arrived addressed: Division of International Relations, U. S. Office of Agitation.

EXPLANATION

The Simons left Russia during the First World War, and couldn't make the Atlantic crossing.

So they went via China, Japan, Vancouver, and thence across Canada by rail—first setting foot on American soil in Grand Central Station.

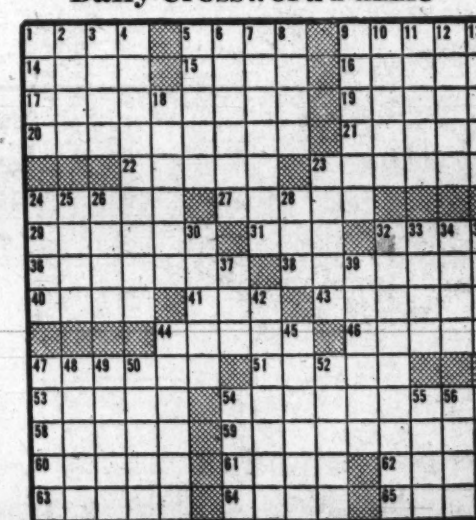
Grin and Bear It



The Unseen Audience



Daily Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS
- Unload
 - Companion
 - A hardluck harbingers
 - Arrow poison
 - Sandrac tree
 - Think
 - Causing sudden surprise
 - Hebrew festival
 - Antithesis
 - Drift
 - Ventilator
 - Explosions
 - Cub shark
 - Silver coin of Ecuador
 - Corrects
 - Extinct bird
 - Eskimo hut
 - 26 Vexes
 - 38 Spiral lock of hair
 - 40 Pieced out
 - 41 Age
 - 43 Male bare
 - 44 Cover with a viscous liquid
 - 46 Wasters
 - 47 Arranged "in fields"
 - 51 Male voice
 - 53 Prices
 - 54 Maims
 - 58 Hold dear
 - 59 Star
 - 60 French painter
 - 61 Pathway
 - 62 Hint
 - 63 Scopes
 - 64 Wingshaped
 - 65 Greek city
- DOWN
- Flat plate
 - Forward
 - Inland
 - Related to
 - Pertaining to the cheekbone
 - Springs up
 - Sudden outburst of temper
 - 8 Work units
 - 9 Elbow
 - 10 Musical drama
 - 11 Pheasant broods
 - 12 In respect to
 - 13 Crews together
 - 18 Tries
 - 23 Intertwine
 - 24 Crippled
 - 25 Murderous frenzy
 - 26 Hawaiian song
 - 28 The heart
 - 30 Spirited horse
 - 32 Litteracy
 - 33 Oversupply
 - 34 Mother of Castor and Pollux
 - 35 Indians
 - 37 Habitual drunkard
 - 39 Oil distilled from the bitter orange
 - 42 True to life
 - 44 Surrounds
 - 45 Part of the eye
 - 47 Tragedy
 - 48 Radio detector
 - 49 Expial
 - 50 Region beyond the Jordan
 - 52 African river
 - 54 Sunfish genus
 - 55 Luffy
 - 56 Vanity case
 - 57 Underlands

Mary
Haworth's
MailGirl Distrusts All Men, Fears Her Cynicism
May Drive Her Into Career, Since Englishman
Changed His Mind About Marrying on Her Terms

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: In the summer of 1945 I became engaged to an English air cadet who was training in this country. I agreed to marry him only after he assured me that he never would insist upon my leaving this country.

He had pleaded with me to marry him before he left for overseas duty, but I convinced him it would be better to wait and I promised to wait indefinitely for his return after he had completed his military service. Before he reached Europe the war ended and he was sent directly to his home.

At first he was all for returning here as soon as possible, but as the months wore on he changed his tune. He demanded that I leave my home, family and all that I am accustomed to, go to him and make England my home. He claimed he had another girl in his town who would marry him if I refused his request.

Native Land
Dear to Each

I FELT if I loved me so truly—as he had claimed many times—he wouldn't expect me to renounce my family, to whom I give needed financial support, and take up residence in another country, after he had promised to make no such demands. I also felt that if he had been sincere, he wouldn't have another girl on the string in case I didn't oblige. So I broke the engagement in March, 1946.

Since then I have dated only occasionally. About a month ago I met a boy who seems to be everything a girl could want. I have learned to care for him deeply and he claims to feel the same about me. This would seem to be the perfect solution, but it isn't at all. I doubt his sincerity and in fact find it hard to believe anything any boy tells me, because of the other unhealed wound.

I'm destined to be a career girl if I continue to feel bitterly toward every man. This cynicism will be a definite hindrance to happy marriage. Is there any way to erase this constant doubt from my mind? I no longer care for my former fiancé—so it isn't a case of holding on to a broken dream. Please advise. D. R.

Man Did Care,
Record Shows

DEAR D. R.: Don't be silly. Your

Campus Technique

4593
SIZES
11-17

By Anne Adams

Sweeps men off their feet just like it sweeps buttons to the side... this dress with a perfect line! Pattern 4593 is dream stuff for Dr. Miss... that means sewing, too! This pattern, easy to use, simple to sew, is tested for fit. Includes complete illustrated instructions. Pattern 4593 comes in Junior Miss sizes 11, 13, 15, 17. Size 13 takes 3 yards 39-inch fabric. Send 25 cents in coins for this pattern to The Washington Post, 131 Pattern Dept., 243 W. 17th st., New York 11, N. Y. Print plainly size, name, address, style number.

Children Need Education in How to Play

By Myrtle Meyer Eldred

SOME of my readers endow me with a type of clairvoyance of which I am bereft. All I can know about any problem is what they tell me. And the age of a child has a great deal to do with whether his behavior is characteristic of his age, or beyond its limits.

"Please print in your column," writes a mother, "whether my children should be allowed to play with a child who bites and scratches the faces of other children, and who slaps everyone around him. Should I let this child play in my yard?"

That age, again. How old is he? If about 2 or 3, then this is typical behavior and should not be looked upon as a cause for isolation from other children, but just as evidence that he needs more education in HOW to play with them.

If he is much older than the children being played with, then an older companion for him, who will soon show him that this behavior is taboo. Sometimes children who are 3 do not

play as well with 2-year-olds as they do with 4-year-olds, who teach them some of the ways to play.

If he is only 2, and plays with older children, he may use these tactics to get their attention, for he is still too young to play well with children, but only watches what they do, or gets excited and bites and scratches to make them notice him.

An older child would not be apt to act this way, so I must imagine that he is between 2 and 3. In such case, instead of this unfair blanket refusal to allow the child the privilege of playing in your yard, take the trouble to keep a watchful eye on him. The moment he begins to hurt the children go out and say pleasantly, "That isn't the way to play. Perhaps you'd better run home now and come back tomorrow."

A child should feel our disapproval, but the door of hospitality should not be shut upon him. Tomorrow he will act differently. Especially if he finds that biting and scratching lose him pleasurable companionship.

Ask Anne

Your Questions
On Homemaking

Would you please tell me how to remove coffee stains from a light green cotton T-shirt? How can I remove milk stains from baby knit kimono and shirt? Is there any way to whiten diapers turned gray from being dried in an electric clothes drier? J. E. C.

Stretch the coffee-stained shirt over a bowl. Fasten securely and pour boiling water through stain holding the spout of the kettle 2 or 3 feet above the stain. Launder as usual.

Soak the milk-stained garments in cold or lukewarm water and launder as usual.

Soak the diapers in chlorine bleach or boil them in hot suds and dry in the sun.

Please tell me, is there any way to thin nail polish? A. J.

There are nail-polish thinners on the market which are a little better than using polish remover but you can add a little of the latter to the polish quite successfully.

Can anything be done to a sequin neckpiece that has dulled? J. M. Q.

Powdered alum will sometimes do the job. Rub the alum into the sequins and let it remain an hour or two and brush off.

I have a bright red cord purse. The pattern has raised popcorn designs which get soiled more quickly than the rest of the purse. How can I clean it? D. K.

Sponge the soiled parts with carbon tetrachloride or dip the whole purse in the cleaning fluid. You needn't remove the cord from the lining to do this.

Anne answers questions on homemaking through her column only. Address Ask Anne, Room 408, The Washington Post, Washington 4, D. C.



"I'm sorry I had to drag my cousin along on our date,"
Susie!"

Wedding Bells Ring

Gatling—Banning

Mr. and Mrs. John Peck Banning of Mount Vernon, N. Y., announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Constance Irene Banning, to James Moore Gatling of New York and Raleigh, N. C., formerly of Washington, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bartholomew Moore Gatling of Raleigh. The ceremony took place February 28 in New York's Little Church Around the Corner, with the Rev. Charles A. Weatherby officiating. A wedding breakfast followed at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore a beige gabardine suit with brown accessories and brown orchid corsage. She was attended by Miss Marjorie Kohlberg. Phillip Sasser served as best man.

The bride was graduated from Mount Vernon schools and the Ballard School in New York. Mr. Gatling attended the University of North Carolina and served the Navy as a lieutenant commander. The newlyweds will make their home in New York, where the bride is associated with Life Magazine, and Mr. Gatling is with the U. S. Television Manufacturing Corp.

Brickett—Moran

Married February 22 in Broadway Tabernacle Church, New York City, were Miss Barbara Moran, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Sherwood F. Moran, Fairlington, Va., and John A. Brickett, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Brickett, Auburndale and Boston, Mass. The ceremony was performed by the bride's father.

The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Sherwood R. Moran. John Pierce served as best man for Mr. Brickett. The bride, born in Osaka, Japan, where her parents were missionaries of the Congregational Church, attended high school in Newton, Mass., and was graduated from Allegheny College in 1945. Since that time she has been associated with the Psychology Corporation in New York. Mr. Brickett served in the Army for three years during the war and plans to study engineering at North Eastern University. The newlyweds will make their home in West Newton, Mass.

Fisher—Wheeler

In a ceremony performed yesterday at National Baptist Memorial Church, Miss Frances Dora Wheeler, daughter of Mrs. Pearl Chandler Wheeler of Atlanta, Ga., became the bride of Joseph Francis Fisher, son of John Fisher of Lawrence, Mass. The Rev. Edward B. Willingham officiated.

Given in marriage by her brother, William C. Wheeler, the bride was groomed in white satin with a halo of illusion and orange blossoms holding her veil. She carried white roses and lilies of the valley. Matron of honor was Mrs. James H. Walker, costumed in yellow crepe, and bridesmaids were Mrs. William C. Wheeler and Mrs. E. Loyd Wheeler, sister-in-law of the bride, wearing aqua taffeta. James A. Conway served as best man and ushers were Thomas G. Parham, E. Lloyd Wheeler, Jack D. Wheeler, Thomas P. Fitzgibbon, Ronald C. Wellstood and Donald M. Stockwell.

The bride attended the University of Georgia. The bridegroom, who served three years in the Navy, is with the Government Printing Office in Washington.

Eckstein—Rubenstein

Mr. and Mrs. A. Rubenstein of Chicago, Ill., announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Ruth Rubenstein, to Alexander Eckstein of Washington. The ceremony took place here on February 16.

The bride attended the Universities of Wisconsin and Chicago, and before her marriage was associated with the State of California Unemployment Insurance Office in San Francisco. Mr. Eckstein, a graduate of the University of California, served during the war in France and Germany with Military Intelligence and is now an economist on the staff of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization in Washington, where the newlyweds are making their home.

A RETURN to a fair competitive system of business is the medicine that will cure American democracy of its ills and prevent a dictatorship here, Willis J. Ballinger yesterday told members of the Washington Club.

Ballinger, author of "By Vote of the People," warned that the average American thinks democracy can fall only by violence. Actually, as has been proved in other countries, he said, democracy can die peacefully and constitutionally with the average citizen as a co-operative dupe in the process.

He pointed out that democracy passed away in Italy and Germany by that method, the people themselves voting away their liberties. Both Mussolini and Hitler established dictatorships by selling the people a scheme for abundance which ended in authoritarian government in which the state ran all business.

The approach of the autocratic state was not odious to the Germans and Italians, he declared, because it was presented as a scheme for abundance for the common man. He warned that the same thing could happen here unless the voters bestir themselves.

"A crisis exists today," Ballinger explained. "Free government is fading away—it's on the brink in England and the same forces that accomplished its downfall in Italy and Germany are at work in the United States to bring about the same unfortunate conclusion."

Free government, he said, is menaced by economic conditions far more seriously than by wars or other violence.

The capitalistic system, which brought political freedom to business, inevitably breaks down in permanent unemployment with the State furnishing subsistence to the voters. The danger in that, he said, is that government spending can result in the State eventually buying up the liberties of the people. All dictatorships have come about when capitalism has been locked in depression, he declared.

The depression of 1929, from which Ballinger says we haven't yet recovered, was caused by a breakdown in the capitalistic system. Identical conditions existed as far back as the Roman breakdown under Octavius, Ballinger pointed out.

and more producers should be created from the huge monopolistic holdings.

Getting rid of giant labor unions is the next step as he sees it. "Labor can be persuaded to go back to management will become competitive and stay competitive," Ballinger concluded.

Mrs. Cloyd Heck Marvin presided at the meeting.

Mrs. Daniels to Address

Silver Spring AAUW

Mrs. Marietta Daniels, special assistant to the Librarian of Congress, will be guest speaker at a meeting of the Silver Spring branch, American Association of University Women, Tuesday, March 11, 8 p. m. at the Jessup Blair Community House. Topic of her talk will be "Schools and Library Work in the Past American Countries."

Hostesses for the event will include Mrs. H. A. Morrison, chairman; Mrs. George H. Alexander, Mrs. H. P. Morris, Mrs. E. Ray Nichols, Jr., and Mrs. W. R. Koster.

The speaker's travels have taken her over much of Central America, Cuba, Mexico and Guatemala. When she returned to the States last year she spent four months in the International Relations Office of the American Library Association, purchasing books for Latin American libraries under the Department of State program. She is at present in charge of plans for an Assembly of Librarians of the Americas, to be held in May and June of this year.

Hostesses for the meeting will be Mrs. H. A. Morrison, chairman, Mrs. George H. Alexander, Mrs. H. P. Morris, Mrs. E. Ray Nichols, Jr., and Mrs. W. R. Koster.

Jewish National Workers

To Give Purim Program

A Purim program will highlight the meeting of the Jewish National Workers Alliance of America, branch 581, tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. in the Jewish Community Center

Auditorium. Guest speaker will be Mrs. Renah Mordecai, English teacher at Hebrew University in Palestine, who will portray "Everyday Life in Palestine." Also speaking will be Mrs. Saul Keys, assistant general secretary from the National office in New York.

Dr. Abraham to Address

Delta Kappa Gamma

UNESCO will be the subject of a talk by Dr. Herbert Abraham of the Department of State, at a dinner meeting of Delta Kappa Gamma at 6:30 p. m. tomorrow, at the YWCA.

Other guests of honor will include Mrs. John W. Bricker, wife of Senator Bricker, and a member of the society; Mrs. Georgia Lusk, first Congresswoman from New Mexico, a State founder; Dr. Fern D. Schneider, Maryland State president, and Mrs. Helena J. Haines, president of Maryland's Delta Chapter.

Mrs. Isabella Brown Krey, president, will preside.

Be Smart



ANOTHER ONE of the loveliest ideas for spring is the dramatic combinations of fabrics and colors. In these Tina Leser models luncheon pink linen is worn over a separate black linen skirt (left) . . . and the silk print becomes all the more effective when draped over a sawtooth black petiskirt.

TODAY IS POST DAY

He's inviting her to a MURDER!

She's Inspector Alleyn's lovely wife, and tonight she—and you—will visit Ancreton Manor, a lonely and sinister English castle. You'll meet—and be strangely fascinated by—the ill-assorted family of eccentrics who live, love and plot within its gloomy walls. An eerie and completely spellbinding story of intrigue and murder, by one of today's most popular mystery writers.

BEGINNING A WEIRD, NEW
INSPECTOR ALLEYN MURDER MYSTERYFinal Curtain
by NGAIO MARSH

DO SEA MONSTERS REALLY EXIST?

Reliable witnesses, including preachers and scientists, swear that they have seen huge beasts rising from the deep. Can their stories be logically explained away? Or do such monsters actually exist? A zoological expert analyzes this fascinating mystery and gives you some amazing conclusions. DON'T SCOFF AT SEA MONSTERS by Ivan T. Sanderson



You'll also want to read:

BARRY WARD'S BEARD by Robert E. Pinkerton. Barry could never be king of the loggers till he avenged the savage whipping that left his face scarred for life. A red-blooded story that you will long remember.

THE GIRL AND THE GENIUS by Herbert Depew. All about a violinist who played salesman. The tactics he used on customers were surprising—but not half so much as those he used on the boss' secretary.

MR. NATIONAL DEFENSE by Beverly Smith. The Post's Washington Editor writes a profile of James W. Wadsworth, who "knows more about national defense than anyone else in Congress."

PLUS MANY OTHER STORIES, SERIALS, ARTICLES AND SPECIAL FEATURES

MEXICO'S
BASEBALL RAIDERS
RIDE AGAIN

They're the fabulous, quick-tempered Pasquel brothers, who last season lured so many U. S. big-league baseball stars to Mexico. This year, with a bankroll estimated at \$50,000,000, they're back again. How successful will they be? For details, read Milton Bracker's enlightening report from Mexico City.

POST



P.S. Don't miss the advertising pages of the Post! You'll find news of exciting new products and ways to better living.

YOU'LL ENJOY EVERY HOUR OF THIS WEEK'S POST